Exhibit 6

Case & 19 frid 23875-RMB AAK rm2004018 je Eiled 05/03/23 te Eqq 20 for PageID: 68766

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1	1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
2	FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY	
3	************	
	IN RE: VALSARTAN, LOSARTAN,	
4	AND IRBESARTAN PRODUCTS MDL No. 2875	
	LIABILITY LITIGATION	
5	************	
	THIS DOCUMENT APPLIES TO ALL HON ROBERT B.	
6	CASES KUGLER	

7		
8	MARCH 25, 2022	
9	CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION - SUBJECT TO	
10	PROTECTIVE ORDER	
11	Videotaped Deposition of LAUREN J. STIROH,	
12	Ph.D., commencing at 10:13 a.m., at the offices of	
13	Duane Morris, LLP, 1540 Broadway, New York, New	
14	York, before Jeffrey Benz, a Certified Realtime	
15	Reporter, Registered Merit Reporter and Notary	
16	Public within and for the State of New York.	
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18		
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THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record. My name is Danny Ortega, and I am

3 the legal videographer for Golkow

4 Litigation Services.

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Today's date is March 25, 2022, and the time is 10:13 a.m.

This video deposition is being held at

1540 Broadway, New York, New York, in the

9 matter of Valsartan, Losartan, and

10 Irbesartan Products Liability Litigation,

for the United States District Court,

12 District of New Jersey.

The deponent today is Dr. Lauren

14 Stiroh.

15 All counsel will be noted on the

16 stenographic record.

17 The court reporter today is Jeff Benz,

18 who will now swear in the witness.

19 LAUREN J. STIROH, Ph.D.,

20 called as a witness, having been first

21 duly sworn by Jeffrey Benz, a Notary

22 Public within and for the State of New

23 York, was examined and testified as

24 follows: ¹ many depositions before. I don't know how many

² you've done remotely since the pandemic. But

³ there are a couple of housekeeping items that I

⁴ think are worth mentioning so that we can end up

⁵ with a good transcription and video of your

testimony today.

First, I'll be the principal

questioner today on the plaintiffs' side, and as

is always the case, it's my job to make myself clearly understood to you.

If you don't understand a question or

you haven't heard my question, if there's a technical problem, it's really important that you let me know so that I have an opportunity to

restate it or clarify it for your benefit.

Can we agree to that?

A. Yes.

16

17

Q. I'm sure you're aware that it's

important that we not speak over one another,

largely because the court reporter needs to be

able to take down one speaker at a time.

That's sometimes a challenge when it's conducted remote. I'll do my level best not to

²⁴ ask a new question as you're speaking, and if

Page 7

¹ you could, after you give your answer, maybe

pause for a second in the event that

³ Mr. Goldberg or one of the other defense lawyers

Page 9

⁴ needs to make an objection, that could be noted

as well.

Can you do that for me?

A. Yes.

Q. I'm going to be marking some exhibits,

most if not all of which I hope are in paper

10 form near you.

11 Do you have, for example, your report 12 with you?

A. I do.

13

18

14 Q. Well, for the benefit of the record,

when the opportunity arises, we're going to mark that as Exhibit 1, Stiroh 1.

17 (Expert report of Lauren J. Stiroh,

Ph.D. was marked Stiroh Exhibit 1 for

19 identification, as of this date.)

20 Q. Is the copy that you have, does it

contain the list of your reliance materials?

22

23 Q. And does it contain your CV as well?

24 A. It does.

¹ EXAMINATION BY MR. HONIK:

- Q. Dr. Stiroh, good morning to you once ³ again.
- 4 A. Good morning.
- Q. As I introduced myself briefly to you
- ⁶ earlier, my name is Ruben Honik. I am one of
- ⁷ the plaintiffs' attorneys in this case. There
- ⁸ are, as you might expect, a number of other
- plaintiffs' lawyers who are observing on Zoom,
- together with a great many defense attorneys.
- 11 You're aware of all that?
- 12 A. I am, yes.
- Q. And I know that you've given testimony
- under oath before, and I want to take a moment,
- ¹⁵ in a moment, to highlight a couple things.

But inasmuch as I'm in Philadelphia 17 and you're in New York, who is in the room with 18 you?

19 A. The court reporter, the videography, and Seth Goldberg.

Q. Okay. And I gather you're in the ²² offices of Duane Morris in New York?

23 A. I am.

24

Q. I don't know -- I know you've given

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Page 10

Q. And you're satisfied that the copy ² that we're going to mark Exhibit 1 is your true ³ and correct report that you issued, or is dated ⁴ January 12th of this year?

A. Let me just flip through it briefly. 6 THE WITNESS: I think that's going to 7 be Conti.

8 Can you pass me?

9 (Witness reviewing document.)

10

11 Q. Dr. Stiroh, I assume you've had an opportunity to review your report or refamiliarize yourself with it before today? 14

A. Yes.

15 Q. You've, doubtless, had time to prepare ¹⁶ with defense counsel who engaged you as well?

17 A. I have.

18 Q. And you feel ready this morning to discuss the opinions that you express in that report, to me?

21 A. I do.

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Q. And in paragraph 5 of your report,

²³ Exhibit 1, you describe your assignment. If you

²⁴ could turn to that section.

Page 11

A. I have it in front of me.

Q. And -- thank you.

And specifically, as I read it, you ⁴ [indistinct], as well as the things that you did ⁵ not do; right?

A. I'm sorry. I lost a little bit of ⁷ that question. If you don't mind saying it again.

Q. Not at all.

As I read that paragraph entitled Assignment, what I take it you did was to enumerate the things --

MR. GOLDBERG: Hang on a second, Ruben.

15 Q. -- that you didn't do; right?

MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, hang on one second. We're getting a little bit of a delay.

19 MR. HONIK: Yes. I'm experiencing a 20 little bit of it here, but it's mostly the 21 image that Dr. Stiroh is a little bit 22 halting.

> Can we have the videographer address that?

MR. GOLDBERG: Let's see if it goes away, because it's a little bit -you're -- you're also sort of coming in and out a little bit.

So why don't you go ahead and let's see if it goes away.

MR. HONIK: Seth, I must tell you, you're very crisp, but Dr. Stiroh is a little fuzzy, and there's a bit of a delay.

I guess all we can do is just go forward and see how it goes. Okay? MR. GOLDBERG: Yeah.

Q. So let me reload the question,

¹⁴ Dr. Stiroh.

15 We're looking -- excuse me -- at your paragraph 5 together, which you've headed, Assignment.

18 And I'm simply trying to establish if it isn't so, that in that paragraph, you describe the things -- pardon me -- that you did ²¹ in discharging the assignment, as well as the things you did not do.

Is that fair?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Page 13

A. Generally, yes. Paragraph 5 of my ² report describes the assignment, and then also ³ certain assumptions or areas of testimony where ⁴ I am not offering opinion.

Q. And that's clear to me.

If you turn to page 2 of your report, ⁷ we're still in paragraph 5, and if you were to count down about six lines, do you see the sentence that begins, I do not make an 10 assessment?

A. I see that.

11

Q. From that line forward, you enumerate ¹³ certain things that you did not do or assess; correct?

15 A. I'm not sure what you mean by I enumerate them.

I have a sentence that says, I do not ¹⁸ make an assessment regarding actual risk of 19 safety issues.

And I have a sentence towards the end ²¹ that says, I also do not opine on the legal issues, and goes on.

Those are two areas where I am ²⁴ clarifying that that is not an area for my

- ¹ testimony. Q. That's right. And all I was really
- ³ getting at is you attempt to list some things
- 4 that you didn't do; correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. I want to spend some time unpacking
- ⁷ the language here so I understand the things
- ⁸ that you didn't do before we talk about some of
- ⁹ the things that you did do. Okay?
- 10 A. Yes.
- Q. So the first sentence on page 2,
- ¹² within paragraph 5 that I would like to direct
- ¹³ your attention to is the one that begins, I do
- ¹⁴ not make an assessment regarding any actual risk
- ¹⁵ of safety issues with regard to the subject
- ¹⁶ VCDs.
- 17 Do you see that clause?
- 18 A. I do.
- 19 Q. Can you tell me what that means?
- 20 A. Yes. I am not a medical expert and I
- ²¹ am not intending to offer opinions related to
- 22 the safety risk, if any, of the products at
- ²³ issue on the patients who consumed them.
- Q. And in that regard, the sentence

- ¹ or opinions.
 - I take into account the possibility
 - ³ that the products were -- that the -- the
 - ⁴ impurities were included in the products at
 - ⁵ issue and have an understanding from materials
 - ⁶ that I have read in this case of the impact of
 - ⁷ that, but I am not offering testimony that the
 - product -- the impurities were included in the
 - products at issue or what implication that has
 - for the risk profile.
 - Q. Do you have an opinion whether NDMA or
 - ¹² NDEA are, in fact, contaminants?
 - A. I do not.
 - 14 Q. Do you have an opinion whether NDMA or
 - ¹⁵ NDEA are mutagenic?
 - 16 A. I do not.
 - 17 Q. Do you have an opinion whether NDMA or
 - NDEA are carcinogenic?
 - 19 A. I do not.
 - Q. Do you have an opinion whether NDMA or
 - ²¹ NDEA are genotoxic?
 - 22 A. I do not.
 - Q. Can you explain to me why you read and

Page 17

²⁴ cited as reliance material the expert report of

Page 15

20

23

13

¹ Dr. Ron Najafi?

- A. I released certain expert reports of
- ³ various individuals that offered reports in this
- ⁴ case, to gain an understanding of some of the
- ⁵ background issues and scope.
- Some of the materials that I have
- ⁷ reviewed were to inform me on the broader
- background materials and information that is at
 - ⁹ issue in this case. It does not mean I am
 - ¹⁰ offering opinions on all of the materials that I
 - 11 read.

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- I don't recall offhand if I have cited
- ¹³ Dr. Najafi in my report other than in mentioning
- him in paragraph 6.
- 15 But if and where I have cited him, it
- ¹⁶ will indicate the reasons for why I have relied
- on that report.
- Q. Well, why don't you turn to Exhibit 2
- ¹⁹ of your report, which we are marking in this
- deposition as Exhibit 1, which lists the expert
- reports that you relied upon.
 - Do you see that list?
- 23 A. Yes.
 - Q. I take your point about obtaining some

¹ continues, And I offer no opinion on whether the

- ² presence of NDMA or NDEA impurities rendered any ³ of the at-issue VCDs adulterated or misbranded
- ⁴ during the relevant time period.
- Did I read that correctly? 6
- A. You did.
- Q. And does it mean that you have no
- ⁸ opinion whether NDMA or NDEA rendered the VCDs
- ⁹ in this case adulterated or misbranded?
- A. That is correct. I am not offering
- 11 opinions on whether the presence, or if there
- 12 is, of NDMA and NDEA rendered the products at
- ¹³ issue misbranded or adulterated.
- I have reviewed Dr. Conti's report and
- 15 have opinions with respect to her valuation of
- ¹⁶ the products at issue where she does make those
- ¹⁷ assumptions, and I take her assumptions that she
- ¹⁸ has made and consider them in my opinions. I do
- 19 not offer an opinion on adulteration or
- misbranding.
- 21 Q. Let me unpack that a bit.
- 22 Do you have an opinion whether these
- contaminants were present at all in these VCDs?
 - A. That is not a subject of my testimony

¹ background information even as to areas that you

² don't specifically offer an opinion.

But as best as you can, what was it

⁴ about Dr. Najafi's report that caused you to

⁵ list it as a reliance material?

A. I don't recall if there is specific

⁷ information from that report that I cite in my

⁸ background materials or later in my report. I

could page through it and see.

10 But as I sit here, I don't have a

specific recollection what caused me to list

that one in my materials considered.

Q. Do you recall what kind of expert

¹⁴ Dr. Najafi is?

15 A. No, not by memory.

16 Q. Can you tell me why you listed as

reliance material the expert --

18 MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, that question

19 cut out. You're going to have to ask it

20

21 Q. Doctor, I'm asking you if you can tell

²² me why you listed reliance upon the report of

²³ Dr. Panigraby.

A. I would give you essentially the same

¹ doing so; right?

A. For the most part, that is correct.

The materials that appear on Exhibit 2

Page 20

Page 21

⁴ are materials that are cited throughout my report.

It may be that there are certain

expert reports that are cited only in paragraph

6 and nowhere else.

And the reason they would appear on my ¹⁰ Exhibit 2 is that they appear in a footnote,

¹¹ even if the footnote is no more than to identify ¹² that report.

13 Q. Do you know what the subject of

Dr. Panigraby's report was? 15

A. Not by memory, no.

16 Q. Can you tell me why you listed the

report of Dr. Etminan as reliance material for 18 you?

19 A. The same answer. I reviewed various 20 expert reports.

21 If they are cited in my footnotes,

they are included on Exhibit 2.

There are some that may be cited only

²⁴ in connection with paragraph 6 where I have

Page 19

¹ listed some of the expert reports.

But if it is not cited elsewhere in ³ the report, it is not the basis for any of the

⁴ information or opinions that I am offering.

Q. Would your answer be the same for

⁶ Dr. David Chan, who is also listed as a report

you relied upon?

A. Yes.

Q. That's a rebuttal report.

10 Do you know what the subject of his report was?

12

9

15

A. Not as I sit here without it in front 13 of me, I don't.

Q. Do you offer any opinions on cGMP?

A. I do not.

16 Q. Well -- but, Dr. Stiroh, is -- there 17 you go.

18 Dr. Stiroh, can you hear me?

19 A. Okay. My computer has a message that

20 says that my Internet connection is unstable.

21 I can hear you now. I think that cut ²² out in some -- at some point if you were asking a question, and so if you could ask it again.

Q. I will. Thank you.

¹ answer.

I don't recall specifically any

³ information from the report of Dr. Panigraby

⁴ that I rely on for my opinions.

If I cite him in the footnotes, then ⁶ that would indicate the information that I am

⁷ citing for that report.

If I don't and it was simply a report

⁹ that I reviewed in the context of getting

¹⁰ broader information, I don't recall why that one in particular I chose to cite.

12 Q. Did you prepare this list of reliance material yourself?

A. I have a person on my team that prepares it for me.

16 Q. Okay. You mean physically prepares 17 the document? Is that what you mean?

A. Yes.

18

Q. Are you the one that's collected the expert reports that you listed as reliance 21 material?

22

Q. And so, I take it, since you were the ²⁴ one to list them, that you had a reason for

I asked you whether you offered any opinions in the area of cGMP and cGMP compliance.

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

A. I do not.

⁶ Q. Can you tell me why you listed the ⁷ expert report of Dr. -- or Mr. Quick in your ⁸ reliance material, plaintiffs' cGMP expert?

A. I reviewed the Quick report at the
 time that I received it, I think in part to see
 if there were opinions that related to economic
 losses.

I don't recall anything specific in his report that I rely on, unless there might be a definition that I cite to him for.

Q. Was it meaningful for your economic analysis to have an understanding of the allegations regarding the cGMP failures in this case?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. Vague.

A. I reviewed his report. I don't recall that there is anything specific that was meaningful for me and my analysis of economic

A. I don't think that is fair to say.

As a general matter, damages experts
will take certain allegations in the complaint
tat face value and consider, if they are true,
what are the economic damages that arise from
those actions, and also to consider as
appropriate, if some of the allegations are true
and others are not, whether damages can be
seeses with information common to the class.

I have considered the scope of allegations.

I have considered how Dr. Conti refers to the alleged wrongdoing and taken that information into account when I formed my opinions.

Q. In what way have you taken into account the allegations in this case as they pertain to cGMP failures?

A. I am going to have to tell you frommemory without looking at specific information.

To the best of my recollection,

Dr. Conti has a section in her report where sheeither opines or assumes that if there is a cGMP

Page 25

²⁴ failure, that a drug is then misbranded or

Page 23

¹ loss damages.

11

But I did at the time that I reviewed

But I did at the time that I reviewed

this report have a -- the understanding from

reading it what the subject matter was that he

was opining on.

Q. Did you give any weight or
 consideration whatsoever to any of the opinions
 of either Mr. Quick or the defense experts in
 cGMP to your economic analysis?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. Vague. Overbroad.

¹² A. I don't recall anything by memory where I am relying on or use as a basis an ¹⁴ opinion of any cGMP experts in this case.

I reviewed some pieces of information to understand the context of the case, but I don't think there is any of my opinions with respect to economic loss damages that rely on a cGMP expert's opinion.

Q. So would it be fair to say that if
there was pervasive cGMP failures on the part of
one or more of the defendants in this case, that
that did not impact any of your economic
analysis?

¹ adulterated, and in her framework, that means

² that for her, that the drug is economically

³ worthless.

9

I consider that chain of reasoning and respond to it in my report.

Q. What consideration do you give it -- the fact in your framework?

MR. GOLDBERG: Can you ask that again, Ruben? You broke up.

Q. Yeah. You described understanding that Dr. Conti in her report discusses and gives some specific weight and consideration to the fact of cGMP failures.

That's what you've told me; right?

A. I don't think it is what I told you.

16 I am not opining that there is a fac

I am not opining that there is a fact of cGMP failures, and I don't think that

³ Dr. Conti did, unless I have misread her report.

I understand that she has taken it as
an assumption that there were cGMP failures, and
Loopsider the implication of that assumption

²¹ I consider the implication of that assumption

for her assessment of economic loss damages and
 how I think economic loss damages would be

²⁴ properly calculated if there are any in this

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10

Page 26

¹ matter.

Q. Did you assume that there were cGMP ³ failures for your analysis?

A. I don't have a specific assumption ⁵ that there were cGMP failures.

I take under consideration the possibility that the drugs would be considered ⁸ misbranded or adulterated and consider how that ⁹ impacts Dr. Conti's opinions.

I understand that chain of reasoning ¹¹ in her report starts from an assumption of cGMP ¹² failures.

13 I can't think as I sit here whether ¹⁴ there are specific aspects of my opinions that depend on me making that assumption.

Q. Well, so, before we move on from this ¹⁷ idea, I am understanding with some clarity that you understood how Dr. Conti treated that in her framework.

20 I'm simply trying to understand what ²¹ you did with either the compliance or noncompliance of cGMP.

How does that fit into your framework ²⁴ or analysis?

¹ economic damages that flow from the conduct that ² is ultimately deemed to be wrongful.

Q. Do you have analysis anywhere in your ⁴ report that assumes liability and then determines if damages are calculable?

MR. GOLDBERG: You're going to have to ask that again, Ruben. You broke up again.

MR. HONIK: Did the court reporter get it?

THE COURT REPORTER: I did not.

Q. Is there any part of your report that assumes liability, as you've just described to me that damages experts sometimes do, in order to address damages? 15

Is that something that you did?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. And we'll certainly get more deeply 18 into it.

19 But where would I find that in your report, that is, your assumption of liability as ²¹ a foundation for discussing damages? Where is

23 A. There is nowhere in my report where I ²⁴ assume no liability.

Page 27

12

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

2 Vague. Compound.

3 A. I do not offer opinions on whether ⁴ there was compliance or noncompliance with cGMP.

I offer opinions with respect to ⁶ whether damages can be calculated with

⁷ information common to the class and whether

⁸ Dr. Conti has put forward a valid economic model

⁹ to assess damages, if any, with information

10 common to the class.

Q. Is the fact of compliance with cGMP 12 relevant to an economic analysis of damages in

A. For the analysis itself, whether there ¹⁵ is compliance or noncompliance, may not be

¹⁶ relevant in the following sense: That if there ¹⁷ is ultimately no finding of wrongdoing, my

¹⁸ understanding is that there is no damage,

regardless of assumptions made by economists.

At the stage where I as a damages ²¹ expert am typically involved in a matter, there ²² has not been a finding of wrongdoing in many 23 cases, and so we would then consider, if there

²⁴ is a finding of wrongdoing, what are the

So in that sense, the entirety of my

² report assumes that liability will be found for

³ some conduct.

If liability is found for no conduct, I think my report generally becomes irrelevant.

Q. Right. But my question is -- is specific.

Can you point to any language in your ⁹ report that I or any reader could find that says you've assumed liability on any basis in order to discuss or analyze economic damages?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

13 Asked and answered.

14 A. I don't recall having written that

15 into my report. 16 It is typically a standard

going-forward assumption for a damages economist

to consider the impact of certain acts where

liability for those acts may be determined at a

later stage by a court.

21 Q. Okay. And I'm familiar with that 22 construct as well.

Is there someplace in your report ²⁴ where I could see your discussion of the basis

Page 29

¹ for that liability; in other words, whether the

² basis lies in warranty or statutory --

³ the -- for economic analysis? Where would I find it in your report?

5 MR. GOLDBERG: You're going to have to

6 ask that again, Ruben.

MR. HONIK: Jeff, did you hear it?

8 THE COURT REPORTER: No. Part of it 9

cut out. 10 MR. HONIK: Okay.

7

20

11 Q. The question I'm trying to get at,

12 Dr. Stiroh, is this: Having read the --

13 MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, hang on for one 14 second.

15 Q. -- complaint and other --

16 MR. GOLDBERG: Can we go off the 17

record for one second? I do have an idea.

18 MR. HONIK: Yeah, let's do that.

19 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time right now

is 10:42 a.m. We are off the record.

21 (Discussion off the record.)

22 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time now is

23 11:08 a.m. We are back on the record.

24 Q. Dr. Stiroh, thank you for your

19

20

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¹ considerable patience. I am sorry it's taking

A. Yes. Q. I want to try to pick up where I think

² so long. And let's see how it goes. Okay?

⁵ we left off, and that is, we were discussing --

⁶ I was attempting to understand what assumptions

⁷ you made around the liability questions.

You -- you have already described

yourself as a damage expert; correct?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. And do you agree generally that the

¹² basis for liability impacts damage analysis?

13 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

14 Vague.

15

A. I don't agree generally.

16 As a matter of economics, it may be

that it is the fact of liability on a particular

claim that then generates damages flowing from 19 that claim.

But as a legal basis, the basis for

²¹ liability I don't think I can tell you matters

²² without some specificity as to what it is that

²³ you mean. 24

Q. So, for example, if you assume

¹ liability on the basis of a warranty claim, does

² that impact your analysis differently than

³ assuming, for example, that liability is

predicated on negligence?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Ambiguous. Calls for a legal conclusion.

A. It does not affect my analysis in any

way as I sit here.

To the extent that the legal framework has different ways of considering economic

damages, that I would look for guidance from

counsel as to whether there are different

measures of economic damages depending on the

bases for liability, if any, is found.

15 Q. We'll talk about the basis for measuring or the formulas for measuring.

But you agree those are legal

determinants; correct?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Ambiguous.

21 A. It is my understanding that it --

²² there would be a legal determination as to

whether there is a basis for damages, yes.

Q. And before moving on, in connection

Page 33

¹ with your analysis in your report, did you make

² one or more assumptions about the basis for

³ liability in order to arrive at your economic

⁴ damages opinions?

A. I don't recall having done so.

I have considered the possibility that ⁷ there would be a finding that the products at

issue contain impurities.

And I have considered the assumptions that Dr. Conti made and followed with my economic analyses of damages in her framework

and the framework I put forward in my report.

13 Q. In the many cases in which you've been asked to serve as an expert consultant in

¹⁵ litigation matters, you frequently need to make

¹⁶ assumptions, do you not, in order to answer

certain economic questions; correct? 18

A. I agree.

24

19 Q. And so, for example, I know one of your particular -- I'll refer to it as a

²¹ subspecialty area is evaluating damages in the antitrust context; correct?

23 A. I'm sorry. What was the question?

Q. The question is: You have

¹ considerable expertise in analyzing economic

- ² damages in the antitrust area; correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And I gather one of the things, for
- ⁵ example, by way of illustration, that you do
- ⁶ there is that you either yourself or you
- ⁷ evaluate others' assessments of a but-for world
- ⁸ with an actual world in terms of economic
- consequences; correct?
- 10 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- A. That is a damage model that I am familiar with, yes.
- 13 Q. That's right.
- 14 And in order to actions such models,
- you have to make certain assumptions in order to
- arrive at a reasonable understanding of what the
- models propose; correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. So you use things, for example, like
- regression modeling; correct?
- 21 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 22
- 23 A. I have used regressions in analyzing

¹ markets, as they are relevant to work that I

²⁴ things like economic damages or relevant

Q. Understood. Did you assume any of the

- ² facts in the master complaints here? Did you
- assume those allegations to be true?
 - A. I believe where appropriate I have.
- I have not assumed that facts are not true, as far as I can recall.
- I have considered the economic
- implications if there are impurities in the
- drugs at issue.

10 There may be certain scenarios that I consider that are different from what plaintiff put forward, but that, to my mind, is different

- from assuming the facts away.
- Q. What allegations of plaintiffs' ¹⁵ economic loss complaint did you assume to be 16 true?
 - A. I understand that there is an
- ¹⁸ allegation that NDMA and NDEA impurities were
- added in the manufacturing process for certain
- of the Valsartan-containing drugs at issue.
- 21 I take -- I understand that there is ²² the allegation that then the FDA would not have
- approved drugs with those impurities in them.
 - I take as given the market facts as I

Page 35

17

24

Page 37

- withdrawn in 2018 and '19.
- Q. Have you had occasion to do economic I take as my understanding that there
- ⁴ or damage analysis based on assumptions or
- ⁵ representations about legal rulings, or based on
- ⁶ legal rulings?

² have done.

- A. Yes.
- Q. And, in fact, for example, in the
- ⁹ antitrust area, have you had occasions where
- ¹⁰ you've been asked to assume or you've been told
- ¹¹ that courts have determined that there's
- ¹² antitrust culpability and antitrust impact, and
- ¹³ then the question becomes how to assess the
- damages related thereto? Have you done that?
- 15 A. I have not in my experience in antitrust matter.
- Whether there's antitrust impact is a
- question for economic testimony, and it's a question on which I have opined.
- In the antitrust scenario, it would be ²¹ common for a damage expert to assume the facts
- ²² in a complaint with respect to conduct are true,
- ²³ but not to assume impact of that conduct without
- ²⁴ analyzing it in a framework of economics.

¹ understand them that the drugs at issue were

- ⁴ is a dispute over whether the impurities at ⁵ issue enhanced any risk that a patient would
- ⁶ face, and I consider that aspect of the dispute,
- ⁷ taking into account both the possibility that
- the impurities at issue would have increased
- risks to patients and the possibility that the
- impurities at issue would not have increased
 - risk to patients.
- 12 And I explain in my report how that ¹³ variation flows through into assessing economic damages.
- 15 Q. What do you mean when you say that you assumed the FDA would not have approved the drugs, in your response?
- A. I consider the framework that I understand Dr. Conti to have put forward where she says there would not have been a supply of the products at issue.

To the best of my recollection, I ²³ think that she is assuming that from 2012

²⁴ forward, whereas the market facts as I

¹ understand them is that the products at issue ² were not available in 2018 and 2019.

- Q. Where in your report would it reveal ⁴ to me or any reader that you assumed the fact ⁵ you just described?
- A. There is a section in my report where ⁷ I discuss what consumers would have done in the ⁸ absence of the availability of the VCDs at ⁹ issue.

10 That is consistent with the framework ¹¹ that Dr. Conti has put forward where she assumes ¹² that there would not be supply of the products

14 Q. Where is that analysis in your report?

15 A. It is included at various places in my ¹⁶ report as appropriate, and specifically in ¹⁷ section Roman Numeral IV of my report, the ¹⁸ discussion begins on paragraph 26.

I have discussed various aspects, I ²⁰ think, that are aligned with that theory, what ²¹ if the drugs were not available at other places as well. But at least Roman Section IV.

O. So I want to make sure that you and I ²⁴ are on the same page.

¹ III where I also consider what patients would ² have done in the absence of available supply for ³ VCDs at issue.

But the part that I recall discussing it more explicitly is Roman IV.

Q. Would section Roman IV of your report, ⁷ in addition to the other sections to which you've cited me, reflect your analysis of potential damages in the absence of a supply curve for VCDs?

A. My analysis in section IV reflects a ¹² consideration of the financial losses in the absence of supply for the VCDs at issue.

Q. Do you assume in your analysis found 15 in section IV that there is an absence of a supply curve for VCDs?

A. I do not assume an absence of a supply ¹⁸ curve for VCDs.

19 I understand that one of the alternatives available to consumers in the absence of the at-issue VCDs would have been the ²² brand drug and I think some supply available ²³ from other manufacturers that are not

²⁴ defendants.

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My Roman IV is headed, Plaintiffs' ² payments for VCDs and VCD substitutes would ³ likely have been equal or higher.

Is that the section you're directing ⁵ me to?

Because that comports with paragraph ⁷ 50, 5-0, in my report.

A. Yes. Did I say a different number? I meant to say page 26, paragraph 50. 10

Q. Got it.

11 Are there any other discrete places in your report that you believe discusses assuming that the FDA would not have approved these drugs, and, therefore, they wouldn't have been in the marketplace?

16 Where else do you discuss it?

17 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. 18

Mischaracterizes the testimony.

19 A. I think all of Roman IV, which goes 20 over to a chart that is on page 34.

21 But there may be other places, ²² certainly in the summary of opinions that's at ²³ the beginning of my report.

And then there may be parts of Roman

Q. Is there any part of your analysis in ² which you assume an absence of a supply curve ³ for contaminated VCDs?

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A. In my section Roman IV, I consider ⁵ what the economic implications are if there had not been supply of contaminated VCDs.

Q. And was your conclusion in that section, generally speaking, that patients would go to alternative drug therapy?

10 A. Did you ask me if that was my conclusion?

Q. Yes.

12

A. It is not a conclusion that I have.

¹⁴ It is a consideration that I have.

15 My understanding is that patients that are currently on VCDs or blood pressure medication, if they could not take their current medication, would for the most part be required to switch to something else.

I have seen in the data that there are ²¹ some patients that appear to have switched to ²² things like Vitamin C.

So I don't assume that everybody needs ²⁴ to switch, but it is my understanding that the

¹ majority of consumers would need to take a

- ² medication to manage their blood pressure. It
- ³ is not necessary to my conclusions that all of ⁴ them do.
- ⁵ Q. Are you aware that "adulterated" is a ⁶ term of art with a specific definition under the ⁷ Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act?
- A. My understanding is that it is.
- ⁹ Q. And did you list the relevant section ¹⁰ that defines "adulterated" among your reliance ¹¹ materials?
- A. I don't think that I did. I did not
 rely on an FDA statement of adulteration. I
 have considered what Dr. Conti considered in her
 report, and my report responds to her opinions.
- Q. Well, do you acknowledge that
 Dr. Conti merely applied the definition of
 "adulterated" as the FDA in the Federal Food,
 Drug and Cosmetic Act sets it out?
- ²⁰ A. As I recall from her report, I believe ²¹ that is what she sets out to do.
- I did not go to check whether she had cited it correctly or interpreted it correctly.
- ²⁴ I take the words in her report as given and

¹ mean?

11

- ² A. As appreciated by that consumer and/or ³ their doctor.
- Q. Okay. You listed in your reliance
 material at Exhibit 2, which is now part of your
 report at Exhibit 1, four court filings.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. There are roughly 2,000 court filings in this MDL.

Why did you pick these four?

- A. The four that are cited here are the ones that I cited in my report for -- as the basis for certain statements or quotes that I have taken from those court filings.
- Q. Yeah. That strikes me as a tautology. They're there because you cite them in your report.
- My question is, Why did you select these four?
- How are they relevant to your analysis and opinions?
- A. We can see from where I have cited them how they fit in.

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Page 44

- consider the implications for economic loss
 damages.
- Q. What are the implications, in your
 iudgment, for economic loss damages that we may
- be dealing with and, in fact, are dealing withadulterated drugs?
- ⁷ MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ⁸ Assumes facts not in evidence. Ambiguous.
- ⁹ A. As an economic matter, the economic
- losses that relate to the difference between the
 price paid and the value received depend on the
- price paid and the value received depend on the impact on the value received by consumers of
- ¹³ VCDs from having consumed a product that has an
- 14 impurity in it that caused it to be deemed
- ¹⁵ adulterated or misbranded.
- As I explained in my report, as a matter of economics, that diminution of value, if any, depends on what I think I have called the degree of adulteration. By that, I mean
- depends on how the risk profile of the productmay change for any consumer consuming the
- may change for any consumer consuming the product.
- Q. And would that be the risk profile as appreciated by that consumer? Is that what you

- The definition of the class -- of the purported class, the identities of defendants, the identities of the named plaintiffs all come from the complaint. And so that is cited.
- There are certain background facts
 where I understand there may be a dispute, but
 from my -- for my purposes, I am using a
- ⁸ particular definition, and frequently I will
- ⁹ cite a definition that comes from the complaint
- ¹⁰ or the opposing party, if -- if relevant, so
- that there is not dispute over that fact, and,
- instead, I focus on the economic analyses.
 Q. Were these four court filings provided
- to you by counsel and suggested as material you
 should rely on, or did you have a larger pool of
 documents from which you selected these four on
- ¹⁷ your basis?
- A. I have a larger pool of documents and selected these four as having information that I wanted to put either in the background of my
- wanted to put either in the background of my
 21 report or to define what has been put forward as
- ²² the class, the dates of the class, the
- ²³ identities of the parties, things like that.
 - Q. I note that you didn't rely on any

4

¹ opinions or writings of the court to shed light ² on either the theories or the appropriate

³ measure of damages.

Why didn't you do that?

A. I have been asked to assess from the ⁶ standpoint of an economist what -- whether ⁷ economic loss damages in the -- for the class ⁸ members as described in the motion for class certification can be assessed with information ¹⁰ methods common to the class.

I did that based on my training as an ¹² economist, and have explained at certain places ¹³ in my report where I understand there to be a ¹⁴ correspondence of legal theories and economic ¹⁵ theories.

16 But for the most part, my report is an ¹⁷ independent economic analysis of economic loss damages.

Q. Yeah, I understand all that.

20 But my question was very specific, and ²¹ that was, why didn't you look at any of the ²² writings of the court in the form of opinions to ²³ shed light on any issues that may impact that ²⁴ economic analysis and the ability to certify a

Q. Were you told not to assume that the

court's opinions are reliable?

A. I was not.

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Note my objection to that question as ambiguous.

Q. What opinions of the court did you read that you failed to list in your reliance materials list?

A. I did not fail to list any opinions in my reliance list, because I did not rely on opinions for the court.

I recall reviewing an opinion of the ¹³ court. I believe there are more than one. I can't recall them for you with certainty as I sit here without them in front of me.

I think Dr. Conti refers to them either in her report or in her deposition, and ¹⁸ it would be those ones that are referenced that ¹⁹ I have reviewed.

Q. So these opinions that you did review, ²¹ it sounds like you reviewed them after you wrote ²² your report; correct?

A. I have reviewed them after I wrote my ²⁴ report. To the best of my recollection, I have

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¹ class for damages?

19

3

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Asked and answered.

A. In the course of my work on this case,

⁵ I have reviewed other legal documents, including

⁶ opinions of the court. For the purposes of my ⁷ opinions that relate to economic losses, and

⁸ whether there are economic losses that can be

⁹ calculated on a class-wide basis, I rely on my

¹⁰ training and experience as an economist and

11 review the types of information that are

¹² available in this case that economists typically

¹³ rely upon.

Q. So you did review opinions in the ¹⁵ court, you just didn't list them as reliance ¹⁶ materials; right?

A. I reviewed opinions of the court. I 17 ¹⁸ did not rely on an opinion of the court to reach my independent conclusions as an economist.

Q. When you say "independent," what do 21 you mean by that?

A. I mean that I have not been asked to ²³ assume somebody else's opinion is true. I have ²⁴ been asked to reach my own opinions.

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¹ seen the opinions of the court prior to writing my report as well.

Q. What opinions of the court did you ⁴ review prior to the preparation and tendering of ⁵ your report that would not be listed in your

⁶ reliance materials list?

A. I don't recall by title opinions of the court that I reviewed prior to my report.

There are no opinions of the court listed in my reliance materials because I did not rely on opinions of the court in reaching my economic opinions.

13 Q. Right. I understand that you didn't rely on anything the court has said.

15 Now I'm trying to identity what you, nonetheless, read that the court opined on prior to January 12th of this year, which is the date of your report.

If you don't remember the titles or ²⁰ formal names of the opinions, tell me what the subjects were.

A. To the best of my recollection, the ²³ subjects are motions to dismiss documents where ²⁴ the court has written a document that I think

¹ the title has opinion in it.

Q. Okay. And is it correct that when you ³ read the motions to dismiss, there was nothing ⁴ in there that the court shed light on which ⁵ impacted your economic analysis or damage ⁶ analysis? 7

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Ambiguous.

A. I don't recall if there was anything in them that shed light on my economic analysis.

10 To the extent that there was something that is consistent with other documents that I ¹² have read that shed light on my economic ¹³ analysis, I have relied on materials and ¹⁴ information that are commonly relied upon by ¹⁵ economists in reaching independent economic ¹⁶ opinions, and I have not relied on an opinion of ¹⁷ the court to reach my own opinion.

Q. So if the court offered an opinion ¹⁹ about the viability of a certain cause of action ²⁰ alleged in plaintiffs' complaint and the ²¹ economic impact of that, you did not place any ²² weight or reliance on such views; correct?

A. I think it is not correct to phrase ²⁴ what I did in that way.

¹ reviewed opinions of the court connected with ² motions to dismiss.

To the best of my recollection, they are the same that I had reviewed earlier in the case. They are not things that I relied upon to reach my opinions.

Q. Okay. And so if I've understood you, ⁸ what you're saying is, you read opinions of the ⁹ court on motions to dismiss both before and after you wrote your report, and in neither ¹¹ instance do you place reliance on the court's views; correct?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection.

Mischaracterizes the testimony.

15 A. For purposes of reaching my opinions with respect to the economic loss damages purportedly suffered by the class, I did not rely on a judge's legal opinion.

I relied on my own training as an economist and the materials that an economist would typically consider in evaluating whether damages can be assessed with information and methods common to the class.

Q. What do you mean by typically rely

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I reviewed certain court documents. ² The opinion of the court that I have read does ³ not -- is not something that I relied on in ⁴ reaching my own opinions with respect to ⁵ economic loss damages.

- Q. Did you read Dr. Conti's deposition ⁷ testimony in preparation for today?
 - A. I did.
- Q. What opinions were you shown or did ¹⁰ you review after the preparation of your written 11 report?

12 You've only authored one written report; correct?

- A. In connection with this matter, that 15 is correct.
- 16 Q. When you say "in connection with this matter," have you authored any other writings in connection with this MDL which concerns 19 Valsartan, Losartan and Irbesartan?
 - A. I have not.

20

Q. So the question is, What opinions of ²² the court did you read and/or consider after the preparation of your one and only written report? 24

A. To the best of my recollection, I have

1 upon?

13

14

What do economists typically rely upon ³ that you place reliance on to the exclusion of 4 the court's views?

A. I do not exclude the court's views. I did not rely on the court's views for purposes of my -- of reaching my opinions.

The things that I rely upon, as I mentioned, my training and experience as an economist, that is, the economic -- the application of economic theory and models to ¹² business situations to assess whether there is ¹³ economic loss to individuals in a given set of ¹⁴ circumstances.

15 Q. Does it matter to you to understand ¹⁶ what the court's views about what the proper measure of damages is to do the work you were asked to do?

19 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. 20 Ambiguous.

21 A. To do the work that I was asked to do is what I have in my report.

I was asked to assess whether damages ²⁴ could be determined on a class-wide basis with

¹ information common to the class where those

² damages were economic loss damages.

I have explained in my report the ⁴ framework that I am using for economic loss ⁵ damage.

To carry out my assignment in this ⁷ case, it was not necessary to take an 8 assumption -- sorry -- to take an opinion of the ⁹ court as an assumption in reaching my economic ¹⁰ opinions.

11 Q. You wrote, and I quote, I also do not ¹² opine on the legal issues relating to the proper 13 measure of damages or on which measures should ¹⁴ be used.

15 Do you remember writing that?

16 A. Yes.

18

17 Q. Does it matter to you whether the 18 court has a view or opinion on what the proper 19 measure of damages is or which measure should be used? Is that relevant to you?

21 A. I would anticipate, in the fullness of ²² time, the court will eventually reach an opinion ²³ on the proper measure of damages to be used, and ²⁴ my report is something that I have been asked to

¹ being asked to give my opinions on economic loss ² damages.

Q. If you were told to assume VCDs in ⁴ this case were adulterated under the meaning of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, would that have changed any of your opinions in this case?

A. No.

Q. I'm sorry. Did you say no?

9 A. I did say no.

10 Q. Did you consider in any way in your economic analysis whether if the VCDs in question were adulterated as defined under that act, what impact it would have on your economic analysis and various conclusions? 15

A. The question was, did I consider that? THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, Jeff. If you don't mind reading that one back to me as well.

19 Q. I'll restate it.

16

17

18

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20 Did you consider in any way in your ²¹ economic analysis whether if the VCDs in question were, in fact, adulterated as defined under the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, if that ²⁴ would influence or impact any of your economic

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¹ prepare that reflects my opinions on those ² topics.

Q. If the fullness of time were to have ⁴ occurred already and it coincided with today, ⁵ and if you were told today what the court said ⁶ is the proper measure of damages, or which ⁷ measure should be used, would you accept that and rely upon it in forming opinions?

A. I'm sorry. I need you to say the ¹⁰ beginning of that again. I missed at least one ¹¹ of the words in your question. Not a technology 12 issue. I just didn't hear it.

13 MR. HONIK: Jeff, did you get my 14 question?

15 THE COURT REPORTER: Yes, I did. 16 MR. HONIK: Would you be kind enough 17 to read it to Dr. Stiroh.

THE COURT REPORTER: Sure.

(The record was read back.)

19 20 A. I would not, for the reason that if ²¹ the court has fully determined what the measure ²² of damages is and does not require, or the ²³ parties do not believe, that there is any role ²⁴ for opinion testimony, I would not anticipate

¹ analysis or conclusions?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Vague.

3 Overbroad.

A. I have considered that scenario.

It does have an impact on my damages assessment.

If it is not -- if the products at issue are not found to be adulterated or misbranded, my understanding is there would then be no damages arising from the conduct at issue.

If their products at issue are found ¹² to be adulterated and misbranded, then, as I ¹³ explained in my report, to an economist ¹⁴ assessing diminution of value that comes from ¹⁵ adulteration or misbranding, it matters the ¹⁶ degree to which any product consumed by any ¹⁷ consumer was adulterated or misbranded, the

¹⁸ impact that that adulteration has for the

¹⁹ efficacy of the drug for that consumer, whether

²⁰ it still has a therapeutic benefit to the

²¹ consumer, the amount of the product that they ²² consumed, the change in the risk profile for the

²³ consumer, and I understand that some of those

²⁴ factors depend on things individual to the

¹ consumer, such at their weight and health ² history.

Q. What is the proper measure of damages ⁴ for a contaminated drug in the U.S. supply ⁵ chain?

MR. GOLDBERG: Object to form. Calls 7 for a legal conclusion.

A. I'm not offering an opinion on what ⁹ the proper measure of damages is. I'm offering ¹⁰ opinions on how to properly use economics to ¹¹ assess damages when those damages come from ¹² diminution of loss or differences in financial ¹³ circumstances of patients.

Q. What is the difference between the phrases you used, "proper measure of damages," versus "which measure should be used"?

17 Are those terms synonymous or 18 different?

19 A. They are different.

20

Q. Can you tell me the difference.

21 A. Yes. In my report when I use "proper ²² measure of damages," I am speaking from the ²³ standpoint of an economist how to use economics ²⁴ properly in the measure of damages.

¹ they synonymous as you've used them?

A. They're not synonymous as I have used ³ them. I think that the explanation that I gave you a minute ago is correct.

I don't know with certainty, but it ⁶ would not surprise me if elsewhere in the report ⁷ I have used the phrase "to properly calculate economic damages" or "a proper measure of economic damages," or even just "a proper measure of damage" with the word "economic" elsewhere in the sentence.

When I use "proper measure of damages" ¹³ elsewhere in my report, I'm opining on ¹⁴ economics.

In this sentence that you have quoted 16 that is towards the end of paragraph 5, I am ¹⁷ clarifying that if there are legal issues that relate to the proper measure of damages as I would calculate them, I am not opining on the ²⁰ legal issues and I am not opining on which ²¹ measure should be used.

Q. So do you accept that legal issues can ²³ impact the proper measure of damages in a case ²⁴ such as this?

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8

Vague.

I am not opining to the court on which ² measure of damages, and in my report, I consider ³ alternative approaches to damage valuation.

Q. Okay. So what is -- what is "which ⁵ measure should be used," how is that different?

A. As I hear you say that, I -- I ⁷ understand that to mean am I telling the court ⁸ which measure should be used, and that is not ⁹ what I am intending to do.

10 Q. Okay. I think there's some confusion, 11 and I apologize.

12 I am directing your attention to ¹³ paragraph 5 of your own report, marked as ¹⁴ Exhibit 1, in which you write in the penultimate ¹⁵ sentence, quote, I also do not opine on the ¹⁶ legal issues relating to the proper measure of damages or on which measure should be used. 18 Do you see that clause? 19 A. I do.

Q. And my question is, are those two ²¹ different things, the proper measure of damages ²² on the one hand, and which measures should be ²³ used on the other?

Are they two different concepts or are

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MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

A. I don't have an opinion on that.

Q. Listen to my question.

Do you accept that legal issues may ⁵ have an impact on how and what the proper measure of damages is in this case? MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

A. I accept that there would be legal issues that could determine which measure of damages would be used.

12 As we've just had in our exchange, when I use "proper measure of damages," I have in that an expectation that it is properly using economics, an economic theory.

When you asked the question, it sounds like you maybe have a different measure or definition that is the legal theory.

19 And what I've intended to do in the sentence that you've quoted in paragraph 5 is ²¹ say specifically, that is not the subject I am ²² opining on. I am opining on economic damages, ²³ and I do have an opinion on how economics would ²⁴ properly be used in determining economic

¹ damages.

- Q. Right. And I'm only trying to ³ understand to what extent, if any, you accept or ⁴ allow that legal principles and legal ⁵ conclusions in a case like this impact your
- ⁶ economic measure of damage analysis. A. I guess I am not following your question, then, or would need it explained.
- I have written a report that gives my ¹⁰ opinions. I would expect the court would take ¹¹ into account economic opinions as well as legal ¹² information.

13 I do not have an opinion with respect ¹⁴ to the legal framework. I have opinions with ¹⁵ respect to the economic framework.

If the court takes into account different information, and particularly a legal ¹⁸ framework, I think that affects what the court ¹⁹ does with my opinion. It does not affect my ²⁰ opinions, unless you give me an example that ²¹ then I can consider.

Q. So is it your testimony that the legal ²³ framework, to borrow your phrase, doesn't impact ²⁴ your economic analysis?

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A. It is my understanding that a court ² may take into account things other than ³ economics in assessing damages.

The things that I take into account are economic variables.

I have in my report explained why I ⁷ have an understanding that some of the ⁸ approaches that I describe may also be of ⁹ relevance to the court. I am not telling the court which ones to consider.

Q. Yeah. Dr. Stiroh, respectfully, you've turned the question on its head.

13 I have a well-developed understanding of what courts consider.

What I have asked you is whether, in ¹⁶ your economic analysis and your opinions, you considered the legal framework, as you used that 18 term.

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Argumentative. Asked and answered.

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21 A. I don't have a basis to incorporate a legal framework into my analysis.

I am not a lawyer. I have worked on ²⁴ matters where, for example, there is a -- a

¹ statutory prejudgment interest rate, and I have ² taken those cases -- where appropriate, I have

³ taken the statutory interest rate and used it in analyses.

I don't know -- I can't think of an example like that that is relevant here.

Q. Does it matter to you when the point of injury occurred in this case?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

10 Vague.

11

A. It does.

12 Q. In what way?

13 A. I understand that the allegations ¹⁴ include an allegation that the VCDs at issue increase the risk profile of a potentially adverse health outcome for patients that consume ¹⁷ them.

18 I understand that the change in the risk profile depends on factors such as the amount of the -- of the products at issue that were consumed, the weight of the person consuming them, and other health factors. Those can change over time.

I have an analysis in my report that

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¹ considers the available information on how long ² and how many and of what concentrations of the products at issue certain class members took.

That timeframe comes into account in assessing whether damages can be determined on a class-wide basis with information common to the ⁷ class.

Q. Did you give any consideration to when ⁹ the drugs were purchased in time, to your economic analysis?

A. I --

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MR. GOLDBERG: Objection.

13 A. I think my answer just -- I think my answer answered that question.

15 It -- my understanding is that the class period for the consumers and TPPs starts in 2012 and goes to the recalls.

18 And I consider that patients are ¹⁹ differently situated over that timeframe, that there are potentially class members who have ²¹ taken the products at issue for longer periods than others. And I describe that in my report.

Q. You listed the plaintiffs' economic ²⁴ loss complaint, as well as our memorandum of law

¹ supporting class certification, as items that

² you read and relied upon; correct?

A. Yes.

Q. Did you glean from any of that when

⁵ the plaintiffs allege that the economic harm 6 occurred?

And I don't mean the class period. I

⁸ mean, when was economic harm occurring for each

class member? Did you glean that?

A. Are you asking me about the economic 10

11 loss damages to the purported class of

12 consumers?

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Q. Yes.

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

15 A. It is my understanding that the harm ¹⁶ to consumers is alleged to come from consumption of the products at issue.

18 The products at issue were --

19 Q. And when you -- I apologize. I spoke

20 over you. Go ahead.

21 A. The product at issue were consumed in ²² different amounts, in different quantities, and

²³ over different frame -- timeframes by the class,

²⁴ and I have considered that in my report.

¹ the retailer?

A. It is not my understanding that those are unrelated.

Q. Well, how is that related to your analysis of the economic harm here?

A. My consideration of economic harm ⁷ includes a consideration of the difference

between the price paid, which would be the price

that was paid at retail, for example, for the products at issue, and the value received.

11 And the value received would be the ¹² value that a patient who consumed the product

received from consuming it.

Q. So the definition of value in that ¹⁵ sentence and in your analysis is the therapeutic ¹⁶ value that was given or provided to the patient; ¹⁷ correct?

18 A. It includes the therapeutic value that was provided to the patient, yes.

Q. What else is included in your ²¹ definition of value in that construct?

A. The -- other factors that could be considered in value to a patient that consumes

²⁴ it are the either presence or lack of side

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Q. When you say "consumption," do you ² mean ingest?

A. I do. Sorry about that. I do.

Q. Did you in any way, shape or form ⁵ consider that the economic harm is unrelated to ⁶ consumption, but related to the purchase of the

A. I understand that the allegations of ⁹ harm to TPPs are not related to their

consumption of the drug.

19

I understand that the allegations of ¹² harm to consumers comes from the fact that they have consumed a drug that includes impurities. If a consumer did not consume it or

¹⁵ purchased it on behalf of somebody else, a -- a ¹⁶ parent for a child, for example, I understand ¹⁷ that it is considering the harm for -- on the

consumers to the person that consumed the drug. Q. Is it your understanding, therefore, ²⁰ that the economic harm claimed in the economic

²¹ loss complaint on behalf of the consumer class

²² is unrelated to the purchase of the drug, that

²³ is, the transaction at the retail level in which

²⁴ some monies is exchanged between consumer and

¹ effects from consuming the product at issue, the

² effectiveness of the drug that they have

³ experienced relative to perhaps taking other

⁴ blood pressure medications, the ease with which

they can take it and remember to take it on a

particular daily, weekly, timeframe.

Whether they are obtaining it through a mail order and it comes to their house versus they have to drive to get it.

There may be other things, but those are the ones that come to mind.

12 Q. Are you able to assign economic values to the elements that you just laid out for me?

A. Can you say what you mean by "assign economic value"?

Q. Yeah. Assign a cash value to it, a dollar value to the elements you just described as making up value.

> MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. Ambiguous. Overbroad.

21 A. From the standpoint of economic ²² theory, things that give value to a consumer can be measured in dollar terms.

Q. Okay. Have you done that in your

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¹ analysis and report?

- ² A. I have not assessed the value of the ³ products received on a
- ⁴ class-member-by-class-member basis.
- My report and opinions of this class certification stage of the case includes the pinion that such an analysis requires
- 8 individual information and cannot be performed
 9 on a class-wide basis.
- Q. Is there a reliable methodology of which you're aware that can place a dollar value on any of the elements of value that you've described to me?
- A. In a general sense, there are economic
 the methods that have been used to assess changes in
 consumer welfare that to an economist means all
 of the aspects of value that a consumer would
 botain.
- To assess damages or loss of consumer welfare in this matter, the diminution of value to a consumer depends on factors that are unique to a consumer and are not market-wide.
- So information in this matter would be, you would need individual-by-individual

It had in it at the beginning, as I heard it --

¹ hypothetical in your question.

⁴ Q. I'll restate it for you. I'll restate ⁵ it for you.

I want you to assume that a court and a jury has concluded that the damages in this case total \$4 billion, which is the actual money paid by consumers and insurers for these contaminated drugs.

You with me so far?

¹² A. Yes.

Q. And I want you to further assume that the court will allow some evidence to diminish that number by value that the consumers or the TPPs received.

Tell me how you would measure that and offer it as a -- what to deduct the \$4 billion number I asked you to assume.

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

²¹ Ambiguous.

A. I don't understand your hypothetical.

In my experience, if a jury has

²⁴ reached an opinion and conclusion that is after

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¹ information to assess the diminution of value,

² if any.

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Q. Yeah. And assuming all of that to be true, it's correct that you didn't attempt to provide a formula or describe a methodology at which any of those values could be quantified; correct?

⁸ A. I do not describe how an economist
⁹ would consider putting a dollar value on loss of
¹⁰ consumer welfare. It is the concept that is
¹¹ underlying my report.

I described the information that would be needed to do so and note that that information is individualized and not class-wide.

Q. So, in other words, if a court and/or jury were to decide that the proper measure of damages in this case is the actual dollars paid by both consumers as well as TPPs, and that number is \$4.4 billion, you would have no way to reduce that by ascribing any value or diminution to the value elements that you described for me; correct?

A. I don't think I'm following the

¹ I have given my report and testimony, and I --

² my role has typically ended.

³ Q. I want you to assume the following, ⁴ and I want you to listen carefully to me.

I want you to assume you haven't testified yet.

I want you to assume that the result of a legal proceeding is that gross damages in the amount of \$4 billion have been arrived at

through testimony other than your own andthrough legal conclusions that the court made,

¹² and that the gross damages in this hypothetical

¹³ case is \$4 billion, which was derived at by

 14 simply adding the amount of that consumers paid

¹⁵ and insurers paid, and the court is now inviting

you as an expert to tell the court how to
 diminish that sum by the value which you believe

the consumers or insurers in this case received.

Tell me the method by which you will apprise the court how to diminish the 4 billion sum.

A. In a scenario where the court has
determined a sum of money, if -- to me, if they
have determined what damages are, then I have

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got to say this is outside of my experience to
 understand what it is that I'm now being asked
 to do.

If a judge were to tell me, I

understand, here is all of the spending on the

drugs. How do I get from this spending to what

are economic damages?

Depending on the information that I

have available to me, if it is the set of

information that I have in my report, I would

explain to the judge that individual information

is required from consumers to assess the

diminution of value in the product that they

actually experienced.

¹⁵ Q. And you would agree you didn't do that ¹⁶ in your report; correct?

A. I don't think that is correct.

I think exactly what I have done in my report is to tell the court or the judge that individual information is required to assess diminution of value.

Q. Did you provide a methodology for arriving at a dollar value assigned to the intangible values you've described?

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¹ A. I have not laid out a framework in my ² report for assessing the reduction in consumer ³ welfare, if any.

I have described that that cannot be done without information that is individualized.

Q. Did you consider whether or not
 adulterated drugs can be placed into and sold
 within the U.S. drug supply market, that is,
 placed into the interstate commerce in the
 United States?

A. I have considered that -- in my report, I have considered that in the context of evaluating Dr. Conti's opinions.

I have an example in my report where

I have an example in my report where

it is not reasonable from an economic standpoint
to assume that a product loses value because it

is not FDA approved in the U.S. where it may be
FDA approved elsewhere, and that it is not
reasonable to assume from an economic standpoint
that because it is not FDA approved, it would

that because it is not FDA approved, it would
have zero value to all potential consumers.

MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, could we --

Q. Did it matter to you --

MR. GOLDBERG: Can you hear me?

Can we take a minute off -- can we take a minute off the record? We've been

going -- I know we had a break, but I would

like to take a -- a bio break, if we could.

MR. HONIK: Yeah. Okay. I'm in the middle of something. There's one or two questions that would be a more --

MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Why don't you go ahead. That's fine. Go ahead, Ruben.

Q. Dr. Stiroh, did it matter to you in your analysis and in arriving at your opinions whether it is permissible under U.S. law to sell adulterated or misbranded drugs to U.S.

A. It matters to my opinions.

I have an opinion that that fact, if
 or where true, does not mean that the drugs do
 not have value to consumers.

I have opinions in my report that relate to the fact that the drugs at issue were, in fact, sold and consumed by consumers.

Q. If you were told to assume that
 adulterated drug products cannot be placed into
 the stream of commerce, would any of your

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¹ opinions have changed?

A. On a going-backward basis for
 considering the diminution of value, if any, for

⁴ products that were consumed, that factor does

⁵ not affect whether consumers obtained value for

⁶ the product that they consumed, I have

⁷ considered and described elsewhere in my report

⁸ a consideration of how to evaluate differences

⁹ in financial outcomes for consumers if the

¹⁰ products had not ever been available in the

¹¹ United States.

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MR. HONIK: This is a good time to break.

Go off the record.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time now is 12:07 p.m. We are off the record.

(A recess was taken from 12:07 to 12:15.)

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time right now is 12:15 p.m. We are back on the record.

Q. Dr. Stiroh, are you ready to proceed?

A. I am. Thank you.

²³ Q. I want to develop just a little kind

²⁴ of -- call it almost a side understanding here

¹ by way of a -- an illustration unrelated to this ² case specifically, but just to understand how ³ you do certain things as an economist in ⁴ analyzing litigation issues.

If you're working on an antitrust ⁶ case, for example, involving a claim of generic ⁷ delay -- an antitrust claim of generic delay, ⁸ would an economist -- or doesn't an economist ⁹ typically try to assess what impact to the cost ¹⁰ of the drugs during the period of delay may or 11 may not have occurred?

A. In a generic delay case, an economist ¹³ may consider potentially whether there was a ¹⁴ difference in the cost of the drugs, but also ¹⁵ the price of the drugs to which they were sold ¹⁶ through various channels of distribution.

Q. Right. And I -- look, I don't want to ¹⁸ belabor this. I just -- I don't need to be provocative. I just want to get certain ²⁰ understanding about how you go about things as ²¹ an economist.

But the claim in that case is that ²³ consumers and/or insurers pay more for the drug ²⁴ than they should have because there was some

¹ outcomes would have been had the point of generic entry occurred earlier.

Q. Right. When you say "back-casting," you mean creating a but-for world where there is different points of generic entry; right?

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A. Yes.

Q. And all I -- and here is, sort of, the punch line.

I just want to understand, where do you collect or get the historic data for pricing?

12 A. In cases that I have worked on, there ¹³ have been -- has been available data both for scenarios where there are few generic manufacturers and cases where there then has been later in the timeframe generic entry.

And from the actual data on actual transactions for the products at issue, it is possible to construct a model to say what if the -- a generic had entered six months earlier?

And we see from the pricing pattern ²² what actually happened to prices when the generic did enter, and we consider can that be ²⁴ moved back six months? How did economic

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¹ conditions vary in the six-month-earlier period?

² Are there other factors, such as availability of

³ the active ingredient? Factors such as that.

But it's essentially in matters like that that I have worked on.

There are cases where we do have ⁷ representative data to show what happens when there is generic entry and how prices behaved prior to generic entry.

Q. Yeah. I understand all that.

11 And do you get the pricing data from 12 IQVIA?

13 A. I have worked with pricing data from ¹⁴ IQVIA for matters like that, yes.

Q. And you find that reliable data? MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. Speculative. Ambiguous.

18 A. It matters as to what it is that I am 19 using it for.

20 The IQVIA data are generally used, in ²¹ my experience in pharmaceutical matters, because ²² they gather data from a variety of different ²³ sources.

In matters that I have worked on, it

¹ collusion or antitrust behavior that caused the ² delay for generic entry.

That's what those cases are about; 4 right?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Ambiguous.

A. There are generic delay cases that I am aware of that have the economic component ⁹ that I would be familiar with is that the -- the price of the product is higher than it otherwise 11 would be.

12 But for the delay, there could also be a component that the cost is also different.

Q. Where do you turn to to understand ¹⁵ what the pricing is or was for the drugs in question in that scenario? Where do you turn?

A. In cases where I have worked on a generic delay matter, the data that I look at is 19 frequently historic data.

Cases that I have been involved in ²¹ have had a period where there is no generic ²² entry and a period when there is generic entry, ²³ and the economic exercise is essentially ²⁴ back-casting from that data to consider what

¹ may be that that -- those data are supplemented

A. I don't think that is correct.

I have read the complaint. I have ³ read the information in -- that is listed in my

⁴ Exhibit 2 to my report.

I have reviewed other information on other court filings, but I did not set out to understand all of the theories of harm or liability from a legal standpoint.

I have looked at information that is relevant to a consideration of economic loss ¹¹ damages.

- Q. Did you consider whether or if warranties were breached in this case?
- A. I did not make an assumption one way ¹⁵ or another whether or if warranties were breached in this case.
- 17 Q. Did you consider what the proper measure of damages would be for a breach of warranty-based claim?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. Calls for a legal opinion.

22 A. I'm not opining and not offering an opinion to the court on what the appropriate ²⁴ measure of damages would be for a breach of

⁷ two sources for what you described as historic ⁸ data -- or historical data: Sales and pricing ⁹ from the actual manufacturer, as well as pricing ¹⁰ information from IQVIA; correct?

Q. So if I heard you correctly, there are

But I have used IQVIA data in other

² by information on sales and prices from the

³ manufacturers.

⁵ matters.

A. I'm not sure what you're asking me.

12 Are you asking me specifically what I ¹³ have looked at, or you're asking me to tell you ¹⁴ what might be available in a generic delay case?

15 Q. I'm asking you if as an economist in ¹⁶ doing antitrust cases, you routinely rely on ¹⁷ both IQVIA sales data, pricing data, as well as, ¹⁸ when available, sales and pricing data from the ¹⁹ manufacturer of a particular pharmaceutical drug product. Yes or no?

21 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. 22 Ambiguous.

23 A. In matters that I have been involved ²⁴ in that involved pharmaceutical markets, I have

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¹ relied on IQVIA data.

I don't know if I can say that I ³ relied on it in every instance, but I have ⁴ relied on IQVIA data, and I have relied on ⁵ information available from the manufacturers. Q. Thank you.

Now, before we broke, we spoke a ⁸ little bit about the impact of the theories of

⁹ liability in this case to your economic analysis.

11 Do you remember we talked a bit about 12 that?

A. I do.

13

Q. And I know you discussed and you ¹⁵ listed among your -- the reliance materials the ¹⁶ complaint in this case which formed the plaintiffs' allegations.

18 You've looked at the briefing on class ¹⁹ certification.

You've certainly acquainted yourself ²¹ with the various theories of liability against ²² not only the manufacturers, but all of the ²³ defendant entities in this supply chain; ²⁴ correct?

¹ warranty claim.

I have considered the economic ³ theories that underlie economic losses and ⁴ described how I approached that type of analysis.

And to the extent that that is ⁷ relevant to various theories of liability that a court might consider, the court can take my opinion into account.

I have not set out to tell the court what theory of damages applies to different theories of harm.

Q. I'm a little confused.

14 What do you mean by "underlying theories" in your answer?

A. I'm not sure how I used it.

Q. Okay.

MR. HONIK: Jeff, can I have the answer read back to me, please.

(The record was read back.)

- 21 Q. Dr. Stiroh, what did you mean by ²² "considered economic theories" in that response that the court reporter just read back?
 - A. I had in mind the discussion that is

¹ in my report that considers diminution of value

² being the difference between the price paid and

³ the value received. From an economic

⁴ standpoint, that is a change in consumer

⁵ surplus.

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I have also considered a difference in

⁷ financial outcomes, and that is the difference

⁸ in prices paid in a scenario where the products

⁹ at issue were consumed compared to a scenario

¹⁰ where alternative products would have been ¹¹ purchased.

12 Q. Well, is it fair to say that each of ¹³ the two models that you just described would be measures of damage?

> MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Calls for a legal opinion.

17 THE COURT REPORTER: Counsel, could 18 you repeat that question? I didn't hear it 19 clearly. This is Jeff.

Q. Did you hear it, Dr. Stiroh?

21 A. I believe that I did, yes.

22 Q. Okay. For the benefit of the court

23 reporter, let me try to restate or rephrase it.

You described, one -- I'll call it a

Q. Yes, ma'am.

A. I think you use "cost" differently

³ from how I use it, and I'm concerned there could

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⁴ be some confusion.

I -- my model, where I would consider differences in financial outcomes from the

⁷ standpoint of a consumer, I consider the

financial outlay, the difference in their

financial position purchasing the products at issue and an alternative product.

For a -- somebody further upstream, ¹² then it may be relevant to consider the difference in both the prices paid and the costs of the -- acquiring the product.

Q. Yeah. So I completely understand.

16 Let me give you an illustration of what I understand you mean by the measure of damages we're referring to as financial outcome.

If someone pays \$10 for a drug and you now want to compare the cost of getting an ²¹ alternative drug, if that alternative drug is

²² \$12, there's no economic loss, because the

²³ alternative cost exceeds the paid price;

²⁴ correct, in that hypothetical? Right?

A. No. In that hypothetical, there is no

financial loss to the consumers.

I have defined economic loss in my ⁴ report as a difference between the price paid

and the value received.

Q. Okay. But I don't want to leave this area until I've understood the two measures that you've outlined for me.

9 And the one we're going to focus on now is what we referred to -- I referred to, and you agreed to accept -- as financial outcome.

12 Can you give me an example using ¹³ specific drugs and costs and tell me how financial outcome is a measure?

15 A. If there were a consumer that was ¹⁶ taking Valsartan, and in the absence of supply ¹⁷ of the Valsartan that they consumed they would

¹⁸ have switched to Irbesartan, the difference in

¹⁹ financial outcomes for them depends on whether

they are a cash consumer and pay a retail price

²¹ for two products, because the retail prices are

²² different, or whether they are insured, and then ²³ it depends on their insurance plan and what the

²⁴ co-pay or co-insurance amount is for differences

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¹ model or a measure that you referred to as

² "diminution of value."

3 Do you remember that?

A. Yes.

Q. And then you described what I

⁶ understood, and I wrote down in shorthand,

⁷ another measure or formula that you referred to as "financial outcome."

9 Do you remember that?

10 A. I do.

Q. The second of those two, the

12 financial -- could we refer to it, just for ease

13 of reference in our talk here, to the second

¹⁴ model or measure as financial outcome and the

¹⁵ first one diminution?

16 Would that be okay with you?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. So if we focus on financial outcome,

19 if I listen carefully, the formula for

²⁰ determining damages under that approach would be

²¹ prices paid and compare it to alternative

product cost; correct?

A. You are describing for me what I said

²⁴ is a model comparing financial outcomes?

¹ for the -- the two products.

- The exercise is to consider what were
 the financial outlays for the Valsartan that
 they purchased and what the financial outlays
 would have been had they consumed a different
- would have been had they consumed a different
 blood pressure medication.
- Q. That's correct. So if the financial
 outlay would have been \$10 for the Valsartan and
 the replacement drug is \$12, there's no
 financial outlay or loss to that consumer,
- right; in the simplest terms; right?
 A. If the financial outlay would have
 been the same, that is correct, there is no
 difference in the financial outcomes for the
- consumer.
 Q. I actually completely misspoke. I
 misspoke.
- If the replacement drug was actually \$12, or \$2 more, their loss is \$2, in my hypothetical; correct?
- hypothetical; correct?

 A. No. I think you have assumed that the financial outlay for the replacement drug is higher, which is a reasonable assumption, because I think the replacement drugs often did

- ¹ they go for, pay for a month's supply of
 - ² Valsartan and a month's supply of the
 - ³ replacement product, the financial loss is \$2 in
 - ⁴ your scenario.
 - ⁵ Q. And turning to the diminution model,
 - ⁶ which you said was price minus the value
 - ⁷ received, if the price of the drug was \$10 and
 - ⁸ the value you're ascribing is control of one's
 - ⁹ blood pressure, what would the deduction be?
 - A. The -- sorry. The scenario here is to consider for a consumer the diminution of value
 - 12 from the Valsartan at issue?
 - Q. That's right.A. Yes. Then the consideration for that
 - 15 consumer is how they value the -- or would price
 - 16 the increased risk of their consumption of
 - ¹⁷ Valsartan, if any, because of the presence of
 - 18 alternatives, and whether that has a change to
 - 19 their risk profile of eventually contracting a
 - 20 disease that they wouldn't, in the absence of
 - ²¹ the impurities at issue.
 - And the diminution of value, their
 - ²³ internal intrinsic valuation of the product
 - ²⁴ would depend on things such as how much they had

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¹ have a higher price.

But for that consumer, they did not suffer a financial loss from taking the

- ⁴ Valsartan at issue, because their financial
- ⁵ outlays would have been higher in the absence of
- ⁶ the supply of the Valsartan product that they
- ⁷ consumed.
- ⁸ Q. What if the replacement drug was less ⁹ expensive than the \$10 Valsartan cost?
- A. In instances for class members who
 would have switched to a replacement drug and
- ¹² had a lower financial outlay, their financial
- 13 losses are calculated as the difference in the
- ¹⁴ financial outlay consuming Valsartan and the
- ¹⁵ financial outlay that they would have had with a
- ¹⁶ different medication.
- Q. So if in my hypothetical it was \$10
- ¹⁸ for the Valsartan and \$8 for the replacement or
- ¹⁹ alternative, what's the loss for that consumer
- ²⁰ in your model?
- A. The financial loss to the consumer in that model would be \$2.
- 23 If it is assuming equivalence of the
- ²⁴ product that they're purchasing, if that is what

¹ to consume, over what timeframe, the degree of

- ² impurities, if any, in the product that they
- ³ consumed, their ability to manage their blood
- ⁴ pressure with Valsartan compared to what the
- ⁵ alternative products might be, what side effects
- ⁶ of alternatives might be that made Valsartan be
- ⁷ the product of choice for that consumer, and, my
- ⁸ understanding, things like their weight and
- 9 health history.
- ⁰ Q. Dr. Stiroh, I confess, I'm completely confused by your answer.
- What I want to understand before moving on is how your diminution model works.
- And I want you to assume that a particular consumer of a VCD has paid \$10 for his or her prescription.
- And the question in court and for you as an economist is, what, if any, financial loss did that individual suffer by accepting as true that there's some impurity or contamination to that product?
- What would you look at in the diminution model, assuming the consumer paid
- 24 \$10?

Tell me what you would do step by step.

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Asked and answered

A. I think in your question you added
 financial loss into how I would approach the
 diminution.

I have described them in my report as two separate pieces.

The financial loss is what comes out of your pocket.

The diminution of value starts with an economic framework where the price that a person pays for a product, the fact that they have gone and paid that price indicates to an economist that they value the product at least as much as the price paid.

17 the price paid.

18 If there is additional information

19 that comes to light that changes their

20 understanding of a product that they received,

21 so that they understand that they received a

22 different product than they believed they were

23 purchasing, it is possible that their value for

24 that product would have been diminished.

¹ explain them, then I'll consider them.

Q. Yes, I can tell you.

I wrote down that you said one way to look at value is, quote, financial loss is what comes out of your pocket.

Remember you told me that?

A. I did tell you that.

My recollection when I said that was because the question that you had asked me had diminution of value and financial loss.

And in the prior questions, we had separated those two topics, and I was clarifying for you the financial loss discussion has to do with the money that comes out of your pocket.

The diminution of value discussion has to do with the intrinsic value of a product to a consumer who purchases it.

Q. That's right. Financial loss is
defined by you as what comes out of your pocket,
and diminution in value is what you paid less
consumer welfare; right, loss of consumer
welfare?

Is that what you said?

²⁴ A. Yes.

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As economists, we think of that as a loss of consumer surplus. I think I used the phrase "consumer welfare." I mean them equivalently.

The measures of consumer welfare would depend on what the loss of intrinsic value to a customer is based on the new information about the product that they consumed.

That diminution is going to depend on factors that are specific to an individual, such as the risk of consuming it, the information that they may receive from their doctor, their health histories, their own aversion to risk, or their willingness to accept risk because of the attributes of the product that they feel they cannot get elsewhere.

Q. That is extremely helpful, because if

18 I've understood you correctly, there are

19 actually two definitions of "value," according

20 to you in your last answer; correct?

21 MR GOLDBERG: Objection to form

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
Ambiguous. Mischaracterizes the testimony.
A. I don't know what you have in mind as
my two definitions of "value." If you could

Q. And so if we focus only on what you've

² now defined for all of us as financial loss,

³ namely, what comes out of your pocket, that --

⁴ that's one measure of damage; right?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Calls for a legal opinion.

A. Financial losses have been used as a measure of damages in economic matters in which I have been engaged.

Diminution of value considers other factors, not just the market prices of products.

Q. Tell me as succinctly as you can how you yourself have used and measured financial loss in matters in which you've been engaged as an expert economist.

A. I have considered -- sorry. Just to
 make sure I'm answering it correctly, I'm just
 going to ask that the question be read back
 again.

Q. Sure.

(The record was read back.)

A. All right. I have measured financial loss for a class of franchisees who were the -- alleged wrongdoing was that they did not have

¹ available to them multiple source of supply for ² products that they needed to run their

³ franchises.

15

And I measured that using a regression ⁵ analysis where I compared the prices for the ⁶ necessary inputs where there were multiple ⁷ sources of supply, with necessary inputs where ⁸ there were few sources of supply to estimate ⁹ what happens to prices when there are available additional sources of supply.

And I used that to estimate what the ¹² difference in profits would have been for the ¹³ franchisees had there been additional sources of supply for a number of necessary products.

I have performed --

16 Q. Let me -- I'm sorry. I didn't mean to cut you off. Please continue.

A. I understood that your question to ask me how I have done this, but -- how I have considered financial losses, and I can take you through the ones that I remember.

Q. Let me clarify.

23 As a way of explaining to me and to ²⁴ others listening to you, as an economist, what ¹ certain inputs, in addition to, or in the ² alternative, where the conduct at issue affects ³ the prices of products paid, I have worked on ⁴ matters where the conduct at issue affects the

availability of alternative products.

Basically, economics has to do with ⁷ the interaction of various economic variables, and if something changes in the supply chain, there may be other economic implications for other variables.

11 And the economist's role would be to consider those implications and arrive at a comparison of the financial situation as is and ¹⁴ the financial situation as it would have been under different circumstances.

Q. I totally understand that answer.

17 What you're conveying is that you start by looking, as you put it, at economic circumstances, which is often the price in question that was paid; right? 21

That's where you started; correct? A. That is often a starting place,

23 correct.

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Q. That's right. It's often the starting

And then if I've understood you, what

Page 101

Page 99

¹ the formula or model is for financial loss. I ² understand you've given a very concrete example.

Can you give me a somewhat more ⁴ generic -- generic or general description of how ⁵ financial loss as an economist is arrived at, ⁶ that is, how you figure out someone or some ⁷ entity's loss coming out of their pocket?

How do you determine that?

A. I consider --

9

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Ambiguous.

10 A. -- the economic circumstances of the ¹² entity in the world as it is, and that may ¹³ include the prices paid, or for an entity ¹⁴ further up the distribution chain, the prices ¹⁵ paid in the costs -- or the prices received and ¹⁶ the costs paid, and I consider what the economic ¹⁷ variables would be in the absence of some conduct that is challenged as being wrongful. And that analysis depends on what

conduct is challenged to be wrongful and the way ²¹ that that conduct would interact with economic ²² variables.

I have worked on matters where the ²⁴ conduct at issue would affect the cost of

¹ place.

³ you look at is the alleged conduct that alters ⁴ that construct, the liability, and you look at

⁵ and consider a but-for world of sorts in which ⁶ that conduct did not occur, and then you try to

⁷ figure out that economic variable in its absence

what impact to price occurs; right?

A. I don't --

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Ambiguous. THE WITNESS: Sorry.

A. I don't think so precisely.

13 You put the word "liability," when -in your restatement, and that's not something that I considered.

I consider the economic implications of conduct and not liability because -- as I understand it as a legal matter.

Q. I take your point. And you're right, ²⁰ I speak as a lawyer.

And, really, what I meant to say and 22 should have said is "conduct." That's the word ²³ you used to describe the shift or the point of ²⁴ comparison, economically speaking, between the

¹ starting point, which is the price paid, and

- ² this sort of but-for economic scenario that was
- ³ caused by some conduct; correct?
- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection.
- Mischaracterizes.
- 6 A. I think at a high level, that is ⁷ correct.
- I consider the economic scenario that ⁹ would have unfolded absent some type of conduct
- ¹⁰ in a consideration of financial loss damages ¹¹ where the financial losses are differences in ¹² economic outcomes.
- Q. And reasonable economic minds can ¹⁴ disagree about the components of that model or measure; isn't that true?
- 16 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 17 Ambiguous.
- 18 A. I don't know what you have in mind about what the reasonable minds would disagree on with respect to the components of that 21 measure.
- 22 I have been involved in matters where ²³ there was disagreement over the appropriate ²⁴ interest rate, what the cost implications of

¹ these VCDs during the class period; correct?

17

- A. Did you say there's no ambiguity in my 3 mind?
 - Q. That's right.
 - A. I'm not aware of a dispute on those
- market facts. If there is one, it's something
- that I'm not aware of.
- I understand that to be in the class, a consumer had to have paid some amount for a -for the Valsartan that they consumed.
- Q. That's right. I mean, the prescription records are so abundantly detailed, that we know exactly what consumers contributed and we know how much insurers paid.
- 15 That's not in dispute in this case; 16 right?
 - A. I disagree with that.
- 18 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- A. One of the issues that matters at the class certification stage is whether you can
- ²¹ tell whether a class member has -- what amount
- 22 they have paid. And I think you need to do --
- ²³ you need individual information from class
- ²⁴ members on that.

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¹ certain conduct was, what available alternatives ² might have been.

I don't know if I'm agreeing with you ⁴ or disagreeing with you at this point.

- Q. No. I -- I kind of get what you're ⁶ doing.
- So reasonable economic minds could ⁸ disagree about the starting pricing, right, that ⁹ you're starting with the -- as you put it, ¹⁰ economic circumstances, you -- one could
- ¹¹ disagree about what the starting price is; 12 right?
- A. I would have to think of a situation, ¹⁴ and I don't -- only because when I said starting ¹⁵ price and agreement with you, I had in mind
- ¹⁶ actual prices as they are. Those would be
- ¹⁷ market facts. Those -- that would be
- ¹⁸ information in the record, and I don't see a ¹⁹ dispute over that.
 - Q. Okay. So let's start with that.
- ²¹ That's a good starting place.
- 22 There's no dispute in your mind that ²³ the market fact, the market reality, is that
- ²⁴ consumers and insurers paid what they paid for

Page 105 I think that what you are saying is

- ² some amount in aggregate. And even there, there
- ³ could be dispute over whether that is the amount
- ⁴ paid or whether it fails to include things like
- ⁵ discounts or rebates that were given at a time
- and collected in a different database and cannot
- ⁷ be accurately tied back to the initial purchase.
- Q. Do you -- do you dispute anywhere in your report what the economic circumstances or prices paid were by the two economic classes?
- A. I do not dispute that there were prices paid by the two purported classes.

13 It is my opinion that to assess on a ¹⁴ class-member-by-class-member basis what the

- damages incurred by any individual class member,
- you would need information on the price that
- that actual class member paid. And that
- information is not widely available. It is -to my mind, we only --
 - Q. Weren't you --

20

- 21 MR. GOLDBERG: Hang on. Wait. Let 22 the witness answer the question.
- 23 A. I understand that there has been some ²⁴ data provided only by three plaintiffs, and one

¹ plaintiff had, I think, some aggregated data,

- ² but I don't think that there exists in this case
- $^{\rm 3}\,$ class-member-by-class-member expenditures on the

⁴ products at issue.

- Q. Class-member-by-class-member
- ⁶ expenditures? Is that what you said?
- A. It is.
- ⁸ Q. Is it your opinion that
- ⁹ class-member-by-class-member expenditure needs
- 10 to be demonstrated in order to certify a class?
- 11 Is that your opinion?
- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ¹³ Calls for a legal opinion.
- ¹⁴ A. My understanding as an economist is
- 15 that one of the things that a court would
- ¹⁶ consider in determining to certify a class is
- whether the class members have been harmed.
- And when I use "harm," I use it in an
- ¹⁹ economic sense, by the conduct at issue, where
- the measure of harm being considered is
- ²¹ diminution of value.
- And that is the difference between the
- ²³ price paid and the value received, you need to
- ²⁴ have information on the price paid, and then you

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- ¹ also need information that would allow you to
- ² assess the value received.
- Both of those require individual
- ⁴ information that has not been provided, or I'm
- ⁵ not aware of, on a class-member-by-class-member
- ⁶ basis.

12

- ⁷ Q. Dr. Stiroh, we're not talking about
- ⁸ your diminution model; we're talking about your
- ⁹ financial outcome or financial loss model.
- Do you remember that?
- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection --
 - Q. That's what I want to stick with.
- Can we do that?
- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ¹⁵ Mischaracterizes the record.
- A. Within the financial model, the
- ⁻⁷ information that is not currently available on a
- ¹⁸ class-member-by-class-member basis is still the
- ¹⁹ amount that they actually paid for both models.
- One of the inputs is the actual
- ²¹ expenditures, and we don't have that information
- on a class-member-by-class-member basis.
- Q. Ma'am, I want to direct your attention
- ²⁴ to one thing and one thing only, and that is the

¹ measure of damages that you described to me,

- ² that you and I have been referring to as
- ³ "financial loss," which begins by looking at
- ⁴ actual prices.

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Isn't that what you told me?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

- ⁷ Mischaracterizes the record.
 - A. I'm not sure what you're asking me.
 - I think you're --
 - Q. I'm asking you if it is true that you
- 11 told me under oath that in looking at the
- ¹² financial loss model, which is the loss that
- comes out of your pocket, one begins by looking
- ¹⁴ at, as you put it, economic circumstances, which
- is usually the actual price paid for something.
 - Isn't that the starting point?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ¹⁸ Mischaracterizes the testimony.
- ¹⁹ A. For financial losses, you compare the
- ²⁰ actual economic circumstances of a class member
- ²¹ with the economic circumstances -- the financial
- ²² economic circumstances they would have
- ²³ experienced under some alternative.
 - And so an input, whether it is the

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- ¹ first one or a different -- or something
- ² considered later on is what they actually paid
- ³ for the product at issue.
- ⁴ Q. That's right. What they actually paid
- for the product. Let's just stop there.
- ⁶ The question I next have is: In
- ⁷ calculating the actual price paid, isn't it true
- 8 that as an economist, you can take an aggregate
- ⁹ of the prices paid for the products in question?
- of the prices paid for the products in question
- 10 Yes or no?

11

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- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- Ambiguous.
- A. It depends on what your purpose is.
- 14 If your purpose is to assess the
- aggregate expenditures, you can use an
- 16 aggregate.
- 17 If your purpose is to assess whether
- ¹⁸ you can -- whether class members have been
- ¹⁹ financially affected by the conduct under
- ²⁰ consideration, you need to evaluate the
- ²¹ expenditures on a class-member-by-class-member
- basis.Q. And then the next step would be, as
- ²⁴ you described it, to look at the alternative

¹ circumstance and assign a value to that;

² correct?

A. What do you mean by "assign a value to 4 that"?

Q. Well, you tell me. We're looking at ⁶ your financial loss model. We've now ⁷ established the pricing and the way that you've ⁸ described.

How would you then arrive at a dollar ¹⁰ value for this alternative circumstance in order ¹¹ to determine the loss?

A. In a situation such as this one where ¹³ class members can choose to take different 14 actions --

Q. I'm not asking you about this one, ¹⁶ Doctor, respectfully. I'm not asking you about ¹⁷ VCDs.

18 I'm asking you about this measure, ¹⁹ this model that we're talking about generally in economics.

You've established there's a financial ²² loss model, which is defined as what comes out ²³ of your pocket. The starting place is actual ²⁴ economic circumstances, typically prices paid.

¹ alternative course of conduct.

O. So the two terms that I wrote down ³ that you employed was "the actual world," and ⁴ then you compare it to the "alternative course of conduct world."

Did I get that right?

A. Yes.

13

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Q. And you used the -- the expression "range of alternative circumstances," I think to ¹⁰ imply that there are sometimes multiple ways to ¹¹ look at the alternative course of conduct world; 12 correct?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Mischaracterizes testimony.

15 A. There may be multiple ways to look at the alternative course of conduct world.

There may also be alternatives available to purported class members for any particular characterization of the alternative course of conduct world.

21 And in my answer, I may have used the ²² same words to talk about two different things, ²³ but there are two points of variation:

One, what does the overall alternative

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¹ You've established that.

You've now told me that you -- the ³ next step in this formula that you apply, ⁴ economically speaking, is to determine the ⁵ alternative; in other words, the economic ⁶ variable in the absence of whatever conduct is ⁷ that changed the world.

And I'm asking you, how do you arrive at a dollar value for that to deduct it from the actual price paid?

11 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. 12 Mischaracterizes the testimony. Asked and 13 answered.

14 A. In a general sense, you would consider ¹⁵ what the range of alternatives are that are ¹⁶ available in the absence of certain conduct, ¹⁷ whether there is information that guides which ¹⁸ of the alternatives class member might take up, ¹⁹ what the costs are of those alternatives. ²⁰ whether there are any relevant market factors to

²¹ be taken into account, and assess the

²² differences between the financial situation of

23 the -- call it the actual world and the ²⁴ financial situation of a class member under some Page 113

¹ course of conduct world look like, and then within any one of those, what do consumers do?

Q. What do you mean, "what do consumers ⁴ do," in that sentence?

A. With respect to this case, one of the ⁶ things that consumers might do is choose a ⁷ different medication in consultation with their doctor to manage their blood pressure.

And so the economic circumstances, choosing a different medication, depend on the medication that they choose.

12 Q. And so you would ascribe a cost to 13 that alternative medicine in that scenario and ¹⁴ deduct that from the actual cost that you start with; is that right, in that measure?

A. From the standpoint of a consumer, I would consider the price that they paid for the medication that they are on and the price that they would have paid for an alternative medication, and the alternative medication can ²¹ vary class member by class member.

22 Q. And to go back to an example that you ²³ and I spoke about and you confirmed, if the ²⁴ actual price was 10 and the alternative price

¹ was 8, you told me the loss is 2; right?

That would be an example of what we ³ just described; right?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

- A. The financial loss for a class member ⁶ who paid 8 -- \$10 and would have paid a co-pay ⁷ of \$8 would be 2.
- Q. And if we had an alternative course ⁹ of --

10 A. I'm sorry. I said that back -- I ¹¹ apologize. I said that backwards. And so the answer will not make sense.

The other way around. If they would ¹⁴ have paid 8 and would have paid 10 -- no. I ¹⁵ forget now which way you asked me.

The difference in financial outlays between what they did pay and what they would have paid is the measure of financial losses.

19 Q. Dr. Stiroh, here's where I end up. 20 If the alternate course of conduct is ²¹ subject to various alternative circumstances, ²² aren't you telling me that economically, there ²³ are multiple ways in certain circumstances to ²⁴ look at what you're comparing between the actual

A. I'm not sure what you mean by that, ² and it may be that I am focused more on this case and this framework than in a general sense.

In this case, the frame -- the circumstances that we are considering changing is that a consumer chooses a different product.

The -- depending on the product chosen and the insurance plan, if any, for the consumer, the amount they pay may differ. A different consumer for the same product may pay ¹¹ a different price, and a different consumer may ¹² choose a different product and also pay a ¹³ different price, and all of that would have to

¹⁴ be considered. 15 Q. Dr. Stiroh, from an economic ¹⁶ standpoint, you acknowledge and understand that what Dr. Conti did was a financial loss

analysis; correct? 19 A. In my view, she has done neither a

diminution of value or a financial loss analysis ²¹ that is consistent with economic principles.

Q. Yeah. I know that's your conclusion, and I know you disagree with her in every ²⁴ respect.

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¹ and this alternate circumstance world?

It can vary; correct?

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MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Ambiguous.

A. The choices that consumers make can vary consumer by consumer.

For an individual --

Q. I haven't asked you that --

MR. GOLDBERG: Counsel, don't

interrupt -- Counsel, don't interrupt the 9 10 witness.

11 A. My answer was that the choices that ¹² consumers make can vary consumer to consumer.

Q. Yeah. I'm asking a question about ¹⁴ economics and about economists and models that 15 they use.

16 And the question I'm posing to you is, ¹⁷ when you look at the range of alternative ¹⁸ circumstances, figuring out if it's \$8 or \$9 or ¹⁹ \$15 to compare to the starting place, which you ²⁰ said is the actual price, I'm just asking, that ²¹ can vary depending upon how you look at it; 22 correct?

23 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Ambiguous. 24 Asked and answered.

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But based on what you've now told us ² under oath, she took the actual prices paid by consumers and insurers and compared it or ⁴ deducted it from the alternative circumstance.

And the alternative circumstance in ⁶ Dr. Conti's economic model is that those drugs ⁷ should have never been in the supply chain, which means they have a zero value.

At the minimum, disagreeing as I know ¹⁰ you do, you understand that that's what she did; 11 correct?

12 A. I understand that she assumed that all ¹³ of the drugs at issue were worthless, and I disagree with her on that.

15 She did not do a financial loss model ¹⁶ because she did not consider in any circumstances the financial circumstances of consumers if they had consumed a different 19 product.

20 Q. That's right. Your complaint here is ²¹ that there isn't an offset for a replacement or an alternative drug; correct?

A. For the financial loss model, there ²⁴ needs to be a consideration of what consumers

¹ would have done in the absence of supply for the

² Valsartan at issue.

Without that consideration there -- it ⁴ is an incomplete model. It is not consistent ⁵ with economic theory.

Q. Understood. So if we take Dr. Conti's ⁷ model and fix it in the way you say it needs to ⁸ be fixed, we'll use this example.

The actual price for the drug is \$10. ¹⁰ She believes the comparative price in the ¹¹ alternative circle is zero. That means you have ¹² net 10. And you have now told us that you now ¹³ have to take an alternative cost and factor that ¹⁴ in.

15 And so if the alternative cost is 8, the person has a \$2 loss; right?

A. I'm not sure what you're asking me to agree with in that sentence.

19 You had statements about what ²⁰ Dr. Conti has done or hasn't done, and then something else that needs to be added.

In my view, her approach to financial ²³ losses is incomplete, because she does not

²⁴ consider what consumers would have purchased in

¹ Valsartan-containing drugs.

Q. If you were instructed by the court as ³ a matter of law that these contaminated drugs were legally worthless, would you accept that?

A. I don't know what that means.

I have training and experience as an economist. And as an economist, my opinion is that it is not appropriate to say that they are worthless.

10 If there is a legal opinion and that has legal meaning, then I'm not sure the court needs me.

13 My opinions and my -- the report that ¹⁴ I have written give an economic opinion and an economic assessment of the issues involved in assessing class-wide damages from the conduct at issue in this case.

Q. Dr. Stiroh, I'm at a loss to understand why you say the court wouldn't need you if the court determined as a matter of law that these contaminated drugs were worthless.

The court would still need an economist like you or Dr. Conti to count up the ²⁴ losses.

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12

¹ the absence of supply of the

11

² Valsartan-containing drugs at issue.

Q. You really have two principal ⁴ objections to what Dr. Conti has done.

⁶ ascribed zero value or worthlessness to the ⁷ contaminated drug, and in the model you and I

Objection Number 1 is that she has

⁸ have now been speaking about for the last

⁹ half-hour she has failed to factor in the actual cost of an alternative drug; right?

MR. GOLDBERG: What is the question?

12 A. Those are among the points that I disagree with Dr. Conti's opinion.

I disagree that it is appropriate from ¹⁵ an economic standpoint to assume the products

¹⁶ consumed are worthless. And I disagree that she has put ¹⁸ forward a valid damage model because she neither 19 considers the diminution of value to the ²⁰ products -- to the consumers based on the ²¹ products that they consumed, nor does she ²² consider a financial differences model, which ²³ would require considering what patients would

Don't you agree?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

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A. I guess I don't know what the court ⁴ needs and don't mean to be opining on what the court needs.

I have been asked to give my opinions ⁷ as an economist on certain topics related to economic loss damages and other models of economic damage assessment, and I have done that, and I don't have an opinion on what the court requires.

Q. I haven't asked you that.

13 What I have done is what I'm permitted to do, and that is to direct you to accept the ¹⁵ hypothetical.

And the hypothetical I'm asking you to accept for our -- purposes of discussion is that the drugs are economically worthless as a matter of law, and, in turn, economics, law imposing its will on economics.

21 Under that circumstance, could you, ²² number 1, accept that, and then calculate damages? 24

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

²⁴ have done in the alternative to consuming

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1 Calls for a legal opinion. Ambiguous.

2 Speculation.

3 A. It is outside my experience for how I

⁴ as an economist have a role in various cases

⁵ where there are allegations of wrongdoing and an ⁶ assessment of harm.

Where I have participated in cases and ⁸ assessed damages, I have done my own damage calculation by applying economic principles.

10 There is frequently an economist or an accountant or somebody on the opposing side that may do an alternative or different measure of

damages.

14 The -- in my experience, those models ¹⁵ are presented to the court and the court reaches ¹⁶ opinions.

17 Q. Well, you're confirming that you would ¹⁸ be incapable of accepting as a matter of fact in 19 your analysis that the comparative in the alternative circumstance is zero?

21 You would be unable to accept that and work with that value; correct?

23 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. 24 Mischaracterize the testimony.

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A. In my opinion, that is not a measure

² of value, and my opinions would be based, as ³ they are in this case, on what an economist

⁴ considers in assessing value.

Q. Doctor, take the next exhibit in your pile that we sent you there. 7

MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben --

8 Q. I believe it's --

MR. GOLDBERG: -- if this is -- you

10 know --

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MR. HONIK: Yes.

MR. GOLDBERG: We said we were going to take a lunch break. We have been back

on for about an hour.

Is this a good time, or are you still in this line of questioning?

17 MR. HONIK: No. I'm still in this 18 line of questioning.

19 Q. I would like you to take out, at Tab 20 Number 6, that document, please.

21 THE COURT REPORTER: Counsel, this is 22 the court reporter. I take it you want me

23 to put exhibit stickers on these as they're 24 produced?

MR. HONIK: That would be great.

We're going to call this one Stiroh 2, Exhibit 2.

MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, do you have a tile for this document? I just want to make sure I've got the right one.

MR. HONIK: It's Judge Kugler's Motion to Dismiss Opinion 3: Warranty Claims.

MR. GOLDBERG: Then I don't have the right thing.

MR. HONIK: Should be attached.

(MTD Opinion 3: Warranty Claims was marked Stiroh Exhibit 2 for identification, as of this date.)

Q. Do you have it?

A. I have this.

Q. Okay. I'm not able to see that.

18 Can you verify that you're holding the caption of this case, Judge Kugler's Motion to Dismiss Opinion 3: Warranty Claims?

21 A. I do. I have it.

22 Q. Okay. Have you ever seen Exhibit 2 23 before?

A. I believe that I have.

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Q. Is it true that you've never seen it

before January 12, 2022? 3

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Mischaracterizes the testimony.

A. It is not true to the best of my recollection.

Q. Is it true that you didn't list this document in your reliance materials?

A. That is correct.

Q. And you have a specific list of reliance materials called Court Filings; 12 correct?

A. Correct.

14 Q. And this is not on that list, nor is any other pronouncement of the court; correct?

16 A. Correct.

13

19

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17 Q. I want you to turn with me to page 14 of Exhibit 2.

Are you there, Dr. Stiroh?

20 A. Not yet. If you just give me a ²¹ minute.

I have page 14 in front of me.

23 Q. If you look at the second line --

²⁴ sentence of that page, of Exhibit 2, the court's

¹ opinion, it says, and I quote, The court finds

² that for prescription drugs, the mere

³ identifying and marketing a drug as the generic

⁴ equivalent to a branded pharmaceutical listed in

⁵ the Orange Book, and then selling that generic

⁶ equivalent when it contains a contaminant not

⁷ included in the Orange Book listing, constitutes

a breach of express warranty.

Did I read that correctly?

10 A. I believe so, yes.

Q. Did you consider that finding in your analysis and the opinions in your report?

13 A. To the best of my recollection, I had 14 reviewed this document.

15 It does not have a specific role for ¹⁶ my opinions with respect to my economic conclusions regarding economic losses.

18 Q. So whether or not there's a breach of express warranty for the reasons set out by the court did not influence or impact your opinions at all; correct?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

23 Asked and answered.

22

24 A. In my opinions evaluating the economic

¹ economic loss damages, if any.

I don't know the basis for what the ³ court takes into account. I know the basis for ⁴ what I take into account in reaching that

⁵ opinion. Q. Can you explain to me why you read and

⁷ then ignored the court's finding that these

drugs are, as it puts it, economically

worthless?

10

11

Why did you ignore that?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

12 Mischaracterizes the testimony, and 13 argumentative.

14 A. I don't think it is right to say that I ignored it. I reviewed this document.

16 I was asked to offer my opinion as an economist about whether economic loss damages can be determined with information and methods common to the class.

20 I approached that in an independent ²¹ manner, considering what I as an economist would ²² review to reach an opinion about economic loss damages, and I have done that.

Q. By "independent," do you mean at odds

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¹ loss to consumers, that is correct.

Q. Turn to page 20 of Exhibit 2, please. 3

Let me know when you're there.

A. I have page 20.

Q. You see the second full paragraph that

⁶ begins with the words, This court finds...?

A. I see that.

Q. The court wrote as follows, and I

⁹ quote, This court finds that contaminated drugs

¹⁰ are economically worthless at the point of sale

¹¹ by virtue of the dangerousness caused by their

¹² contamination, regardless whether the sold VCDs actually achieved the medical purpose of

¹⁴ lowering blood pressure.

Did I read that correctly?

16 A. I believe so.

15

17

Q. Did you consider that finding by the court anywhere in your analysis or opinions?

19 A. I reviewed this document. I did not 20 rely on it for reaching my opinions.

My opinions are based on my training ²² and experience as an economist, and I have ²³ reached independent opinions about the economic ²⁴ value of the products at issue and how to assess

¹ with the court?

3

11

A. I do not mean at odds with the court.

MR. GOLDBERG: Note my objection.

Q. Do you see the sentence that follows,

which reads, Put differently, contaminated drugs, even if medically efficacious for their

purpose, cannot create a benefit of the bargain

because the contaminants in their dangerous

effects were never bargained for? 10

Did I read that correctly?

A. I believe that you did.

12 Q. Did you consider that finding by the 13 court in your report or any part of your analysis?

15 A. I reviewed this document for the purposes of my report and my opinions.

I consider the -- independently, the economic information that is available and reach an opinion based on my training and experience as an economist.

21 Q. So you disagree when the court writes ²² that the -- that the consumer didn't receive a benefit of his or her bargain?

You fundamentally agree with that and

¹ believe that there was some benefit; correct?

- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ³ Ambiguous.
- ⁴ A. I don't know what the framework is ⁵ that the judge takes into account in reaching a ⁶ legal opinion.

I do know what the framework is that I
 take into account, and my economic framework
 leads me to the opinion that it is not correct
 to assume that the drugs were uniformly

to assume that the drugs were uniformly worthless to all purported class members.

Q. But you understood that, unlike you, Dr. Conti took this for what it says, that the drugs are economically worthless?

You understand that she accepted what the court found; correct?

A. I understand that she has assumed the drugs are economically worthless, and I have explained in my report why as a matter of economics that is not a valid assumption to make.

Q. But if the court hired you, Tr. Stiroh, to be the court's expert and

²⁴ directed you that the drugs were worthless, you

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 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}\,$ would then ascribe the value of zero to them in

your financial loss model that you and I went
 through earlier, wouldn't you?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

⁵ Mischaracterize the testimony.

⁶ A. That is wholly outside my experience ⁷ or any work that I have ever undertaken.

8 If I were retained by the court, and I

⁹ have been retained by antitrust authorities, I

still offer an independent economic analysis
 that may or may not comport with the legal

that may or may not comport with the legal 12 framework because the legal framework is outside

of my experience.

What the court does with that would be, I think, up to the court to decide.

I have never in my experience been told what opinion to reach and then offered that opinion.

Q. Dr. Stiroh, respectfully, if the court instructed you that the drugs in question here,

the VCDs in this MDL, are economically worthless
 because of a legal principle, could you not then

²³ ascribe a zero value and compute the loss

²⁴ exactly as Dr. Conti did?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

² Speculation.

this matter.

A. I will say again that is just so far
 outside my experience, that I cannot imagine
 that scenario happening.

In my experience, economists are brought into legal proceedings to give an economist's point of view, and where I have been retained, that is what I have done, including in

I have never been asked to assume a value and then asked to opine on that value.

I have been asked to consider whether

14 economic loss damages can be determined with
15 information common to the class, and it is my
16 opinion that economic loss damages, being the
17 difference between the price paid and the value
18 received, vary class member by class member and
19 cannot be determined with information common to
20 the class.

Q. Doctor, didn't you tell me earlier today and write in your report that you offer no legal opinions and don't venture into the legal framework of what the proper measure of damages

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¹ is? Didn't you tell me that?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Mischaracterizes the testimony.

⁴ A. I believe that I told you that. I

don't think my answer in any way differed fromthat.

To the extent that there was confusion, my opinions are economic opinions, and I offer them in the context of economics.

I am not opining for the court on what the appropriate legal context is.

¹² Q. Dr. Stiroh, I'm not confused. I'm ¹³ reading your language.

And it says the following: I also do

15 not opine on the legal issues relating to the

16 proper measure of damages or on which measure

17 should be used.

Those are your words in paragraph 5 of 19 your report.

And so what I'm positing before we
break for lunch is, if the court tells you that
the proper measure to be used is to take the
actual price paid for the drug, reduce it by its
economic worth, which in this case is zero, and

Page 134 ¹ then calculate the loss, is that something you ¹ consider specifically what the proper measure of ² could do? ² damages might be, for example, for a warranty MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. ³ base claim, correct? Do you remember telling me 4 Asked and answered. 4 that? 5 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. A. If I were asked to perform a ⁶ calculation and told what numbers to sum up, I Mischaracterizes the testimony. ⁷ could do that. A. I did not opine on what the If I were told to call that result appropriate measure of damages would be for a ⁹ economic losses, I would not be comfortable warranty claim. 10 ¹⁰ offering that opinion because, in my opinion, To the extent that the Court finds ¹¹ that summation of numbers is not economic that the work and the measures of damages that I 12 losses. have considered are relevant, then the work that 13 MR. HONIK: All right. Good time to I have done is relevant to those claims. 14 break. Let's go off the record. Q. I'm sorry, I -- I thought you started 15 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time right now out by saying that you didn't offer an opinion 16 is 1:25 p.m. We are off the record. ¹⁶ about what the measure of damages would be for a 17 ¹⁷ warranty claim. Is that -- that part right? (Luncheon recess at 1:25) 18 A. That's not what I said. I said I 19 ¹⁹ didn't offer an opinion on what the correct 20 ²⁰ measure of damages would be for a warranty 21 ²¹ claim. 22 22 I do have opinions on the economic 23 considerations and economic loss damages, or 24 ²⁴ damages measured as differences in financial Page 135 Page 137 1 ¹ outcomes. AFTERNOON SESSION 2 (2:04)And to the extent that my opinions and ³ LAUREN J. STIROH, Ph.D., ³ work related to those measures of damages are ⁴ relevant to what a Court would consider for a resumed, having been previously duly 5 ⁵ warranty claim, then that work would apply. But sworn by a Notary Public, was 6 examined and testified further ⁶ I have not been the person that says, This is 7 the damages for a warranty claim. as follows: 8 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Time now is MR. HONIK: Jeff, can I trouble you to 9 9 2:04 p.m. We are back on the record. read just the very beginning part of that 10 CONTINUED EXAMINATION BY MR. HONIK: response? I tried to get it, but I -- I --11 Q. Dr. Stiroh, a while before we broke I was exasperated and didn't get it down. 12 ¹² for lunch and we spent some time talking about (The record was read back.) 13 13 the two different models that you described for MR. HONIK: Stop there for a minute. 14 ¹⁴ me, namely financial loss and diminution of Q. I don't think that's what you said, ¹⁵ value, I was actually asking you some questions Dr. Stiroh, is it? ¹⁶ that pertain to some of the specific theories of 16 A. It is not. 17 ¹⁷ liability in this case. Q. You said you did not, that's right. 18 Do you remember we talked a bit about Jeff, she said, I did not. 19 that? 19 MR. GOLDBERG: Hang on. A. Probably not with sufficient clarity. 20 MR. HONIK: Can you read it again ²¹ To continue on that conversation, I would need 21 slowly starting with, I did not offer. to hear questions again. 22 (The record was read back.) Q. Of course. And one of the things you 23 Q. Okay. Next question, you ready, ²⁴ told me, or confirmed, is that you didn't ²⁴ Dr. Stiroh?

Did you offer an opinion on what the correct measure of damages are for an unjust enrichment claim in this case?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Calls for a legal opinion.

A. I have an understanding of what the ⁷ measure of damages for unjust enrichment are, ⁸ and it is expressed at least under romanette ix, on page 8 in my report. 10

Q. What is that measure or calculation?

A. I understand unjust enrichment damages ¹² to be the portion of a benefit conferred by a plaintiff on a defendant which it would be ¹⁴ unjust for the defendant to retain.

Q. Did you actually perform a calculation ¹⁶ to determine whether or not unjust enrichment damages exist in this case?

A. I have considered what Dr. Conti wrote ¹⁹ in her report about the methods that she says she would apply to calculate unjust enrichment ²¹ damages, and I have considered what she said in ²² her deposition regarding how the variables that ²³ she thinks would be relevant, and I have ²⁴ opinions related to the -- what she purports to

¹ your report?

A. No.

A. In that answer, I was referring to paragraphs 65 through 72. There is also a ⁴ discussion in my summary of opinions under romanette ix, which is on page 8.

Q. Do you agree that if the unjust ⁷ enrichment formula or calculation used by ⁸ Dr. Conti reflected profits, that the formula would then be complete according to you? 10

11 The formula that Dr. Conti puts in her report, in my view, is a superficial formula of profits. She says little more than profits are revenues minus costs.

15 Calculating unjust enrichment damages, even if starting -- if starting with profits as part of that measure, there needs to be a way of assessing what the relevant revenues are, and assessing what the relevant costs are, and in the pharmaceutical industry, both of those measures can be very complicated.

There is a complex supply chain. There are differences in the business structures ²⁴ wholesaler to wholesaler, or retailer to

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¹ do, that are expressed in my report.

Q. Do you have any opinions about the ³ correct measure of unjust enrichment damages, ⁴ separate and apart from whatever criticism you ⁵ may have of what Dr. Conti did on unjust ⁶ enrichment?

A. Are you asking me do I have opinions about the quantum of unjust enrichment damages, if any, or the methods?

10 Q. No. I'm asking you how you would 11 measure unjust enrichment.

12 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. 13 Ambiguous.

14 A. In Section Roman V of my report, I ¹⁵ have a discussion of the retail pharmacy and ¹⁶ wholesaler damages related to plaintiff's theory ¹⁷ of liability and unjust enrichment, and in that ¹⁸ section, I describe my understanding of unjust ¹⁹ enrichment damages and the flaws that I see in ²⁰ Dr. Conti's description of what she would do to ²¹ assess unjust enrichment damages, and I explain ²² the ways in which what she has set forward are ²³ incomplete.

Q. What paragraph are you referring to in

¹ retailer, such as the costs and the relevant

² costs for each entity might differ depending on

³ the defendant, depending on the time period,

⁴ depending on the product that is being sold, and

⁵ the channel of distribution through which it

⁶ reached a wholesaler and then ultimately a

retailer.

13

21

Q. That's your complete answer?

A. Yes.

Q. Dr. Stiroh, did you arrive at an

opinion about the proper measure of damages for

Consumer Product Act damages?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

14 Calls for legal opinion.

15 A. I do not offer an opinion on the

correct legal framework for damages for Consumer Product Act damages.

18 Q. Dr. Stiroh, do you offer an opinion anywhere in your report about the proper measure of damages for common law fraud?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

22 Calls for a legal opinion.

23 A. I do not offer an opinion on the

²⁴ proper legal damages for common law fraud.

¹ Q. Is therapeutic benefit synonymous with ² economic worth, in your opinion?

A. For a pharmaceutical product,
 therapeutic benefit is a significant component
 of economic worth.

Q. And how do you go about measuring it?MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Ambiguous.

A. For purposes of an economic analysis
that takes therapeutic benefit into account, I
would consider the relative therapeutic benefits
of one product compared to an alternative, and
need information from a consumer, or the doctor
of the consumer, that describes the
alternatives.

A component of damages that considers
what a consumer would take in the alternative to
Valsartan would have to consider what the
therapeutic value of that alternative was and
whether it was equivalent to the Valsartan that
they took, and differences in the therapeutic
value would have to be accounted for.

Assessing what those differences are, would require, I think, a medical opinion, not just an economic opinion.

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¹ Q. And in what way would you be able to ² translate that economic analysis into dollars ³ and cents?

How do you value that in dollars?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Ambiguous.

⁶ A. For -- considering -- I'm sorry, I ⁷ guess I need you to say what the -- what it is ⁸ that you want me to value in dollars.

Q. You said that therapeutic benefit,
 while not synonymous with economic worth, is a
 significant component.

12 I'm asking you whether and how that 13 translates or could be translated into dollars 14 and cents.

A. We know, from expenditures on the
 products at issue, that consumers valued the
 therapeutic benefits of the products at least as
 much as the price paid for them.

The -- if there is a difference in
therapeutic benefits measured, for example, by
differences in the ability to manage blood
pressure, then I could translate that into
dollars and cents, with input from a medical
expert, by considering what the expenditures

would need to be to get to the same level of
 blood pressure management.

³ Q. Have you seen that input in this case ⁴ from any medical experts?

⁵ A. I have not seen any input in the ⁶ materials that I have reviewed.

Q. Have you ever had an engagement or
 consultation in which you had such medical input
 to arrive at a dollar value for therapeutic
 value of a prescription drug?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Vague.

A. I have not worked on a matter that had a sufficiently similar fact profile where the measure of harm includes a potential diminution of value that comes from differences in health outcomes where that would need to be valued, but it is something that would need to be valued in this matter.

Q. Have you ever so much as heard or read about a reported case, in the economic or legal literature, which done -- which has done what you just described, namely, gotten medical input in order to arrive at a dollar value for therapeutic benefit in a prescription drug?

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A. Yes. Generally, I am aware of various conomic papers that look at the costs of treating certain indications and the costs of managing health outcomes. It is not a field that I specialize in.

I have encountered articles depending
on other cases that I have worked on that have
overlapped with health sciences, but that
economic concept of putting dollar values on
either -- certainly on mortality, as I mentioned
in my report, but the -- the costs of treating
different types of medical conditions, and the
costs of treating them under different
approaches to controlling that medical
condition, is something that I think is fairly
common in health economics.

¹⁷ Q. You don't hold yourself out to be a health economist, do you?

A. I don't call myself a health economist. I am an economist that has expertise working in some industries that relate to health sciences.

I would consider this case to be a
 matter like that, where I bring my experience as

¹ an economist to a case that involves health ² outcomes.

- Q. You know, of course, that that's all ⁴ Dr. Conti does, she's a health economist, don't 5 you?
- A. I recall her testifying something ⁷ along the lines of that is all she does.
- Q. And -- and you saw her bibliography in ⁹ which she authored literally hundreds of papers ¹⁰ and other contributions to the literature in ¹¹ health economics. Right?
- A. I have read her report. I have to say ¹³ I'm not sure I paged through her bibliography ¹⁴ ever, but I take your word for it.
- 15 Q. Do you agree that equilibrium price ¹⁶ from a classical economic standpoint is set by the intersection of supply and demand?
- 18 A. I do.
- 19 Q. And do you agree that according to ²⁰ economic theory, for a consumer product -- and ²¹ we're talking generally -- for a consumer ²² product to have economic value, demand for the ²³ product must exist and supply must be allowed to ²⁴ meet that demand?

¹ involved in this case, and my expertise is in ² economics and I have focused my analysis on

³ materials that are relevant to my economic analyses.

Q. In listing your various reliance materials, unless I missed it, I -- I do not ⁷ note your having relied on any of the U.S. Code as it pertains to the introduction of drugs into the supply chain. Have you?

10 A. I do not rely on any of the U.S. Code as it pertains to the introduction of drugs into ¹² the supply chain for the purposes of my opinions that I'm offering in this report.

Q. Are you -- are you, nonetheless, ¹⁵ familiar with any aspects of federal law as it concerns the ability for a drug manufacturer to introduce into the legal class of trade a prescription drug?

19 A. I have some familiarity with the regulations concerning transactions in pharmaceuticals, and entry of either new pharmaceutical products or generic pharmaceutical equivalents to existing pharmaceutical products.

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A. I disagree.

Q. I didn't see among your reliance ³ materials your having relied upon -- unless I ⁴ missed it -- with the exception, I think, of ⁵ Dr. Chan, you -- you didn't read any of the

⁶ defense class experts in this case. Have you?

A. My team and I have reviewed the expert ⁸ reports that are listed in paragraph 6. I don't ⁹ recall others and certainly not that I have 10 reviewed, if there are -- I just don't think ¹¹ that I have, no.

12 Q. Did you review the defense class ¹³ expert report prepared by Dr. Lambert, who is ¹⁴ both a Ph.D. chemist, an expert in the ¹⁵ pharmaceutical supply chain, a cGMP, and CMC 16 expert?

17 A. I don't believe so.

Q. Do you understand that in this case, 19 there are any number of pharmacy industry ²⁰ experts with a variety of expertise in how the ²¹ supply chain works, how cGMP compliance occurs, ²² how CMC occurs, how FDA regulations impact this ²³ case? Are you aware of that generally?

A. I'm aware that there are more experts

I have familiarity based on my prior work, but it is not something that I am intending to put forward opinions related to.

Q. And certainly in this case, you didn't rely upon any of those laws or regulations in ⁶ forming your opinions here, correct?

A. That is correct.

Q. Do you -- do you disagree that those laws have an impact on determining whether there's a legitimate supply curve for a particular prescription drug? 12

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. Ambiguous.

A. Can you say how you are using the phrase, "legitimate supply curve"?

16 Q. Sure. Do you think that there are any laws that impact the ability of a manufacturer to sell a drug in interstate commerce? 19

A. My understanding is that there are.

20 Q. And what impact, so far as you understand, would those laws have on determining, from an economic standpoint, the ²³ legitimacy of producing a supply of a ²⁴ prescription drug and, in turn, having a supply

¹ curve?

- 2 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 3 Ambiguous.
- 4 A. With respect to this case, are you
- asking me?
- O. No.
- 7 MR. GOLDBERG: Same objection.
- A. I am aware that there are consumers in
- ⁹ the United States who seek to buy prescription
- ¹⁰ drugs outside of the United States for
- consumption inside the United States.
- 12 That is a -- from an economic point of
- ¹³ view, that is supply of a product that could be
- ¹⁴ taken into account in doing an economic analysis
- of supply and demand.
- Q. Are you familiar with the drug now long banned called fen-phen?
- 18 A. I am not.
- 19 Q. That was a prescription diet drug that
- caused a certain type of heart damage, that's
- been long banned in the United States.
- Do you have an opinion, as an
- economist, what the value of that drug is, if
- ²⁴ I'm not able to get it lawfully here?
- Page 151
- A. I don't have a fully formed opinion
- ² because I have never considered this scenario
- ³ before.
- The components of value, though, if it
- ⁵ is something that you desire to get,
- ⁶ notwithstanding the fact that you can't get it
- ⁷ here, that tells me, as an economist, it has
- ⁸ value to you as a consumer.
- Q. Your -- your economic opinion is that ¹⁰ if it's unlawful for me to obtain, and no doctor
- ¹¹ will give me a prescription, that fen-phen still
- ¹² has some dollar value. Is that your opinion?
- A. My opinion is that if you want it, or
- ¹⁴ a consumer wants it, that product has value to
- 15 you.
- 16 Q. Let me ask the question differently.
- ¹⁷ In my hypothetical for fen-phen, is it lawful
- ¹⁸ for someone to sell it, a manufacturer, and
- receive money for it?
- A. I don't know. That -- you're asking
- ²¹ me now a legal opinion. And my opinions are
- ²² rooted in economics, and economic value comes
- ²³ from somebody wanting a product. 24
 - Q. Well, respectfully, Dr. Stiroh, you

- ¹ don't limit your views in this case to purely
- ² economic principles. Your essential thesis here
- ³ is that class certification isn't available.
- ⁴ That's a legal question, isn't it?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- A. Can you say again what my fundamental opinion is?
- Q. Sure. You're familiar with Rule 23 of
- the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, aren't
- you? 11

14

- A. I am.
- 12 Q. You -- you've written on that, haven't 13 you?
 - A. I have written on the economics of it.
- 15 Q. Well, you've written specifically
- about case law, haven't you?
- A. I have written specifically about
- ¹⁸ various cases, but it is -- my writings are
- related to the economics that were used in the
- cases and considered by the court.
- 21 Q. Dr. Stiroh, your writings relate to
- ²² the interplay between the class certification
- ²³ rule, Rule 23, and economics, extensively,
- ²⁴ haven't you?

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- A. I have written on the economics of
 - ² class certification, and I agree with you that
 - ³ class certification is something that takes
 - ⁴ place in a legal context.
 - Q. That's a -- that's a very curious way
 - ⁶ to put it, because, you know, as I read your
 - ⁷ opinions, you write for -- just for example,
 - ⁸ Economic loss damages to members of the consumer
 - ⁹ or third-party payor classes, if any, cannot be
 - assessed on a class-wide basis using information
 - and methods common to the proposed class.
 - Is that your language?
 - A. It is.

12

13

- 14 Q. And I gather you've probably written
- that sentence numerous times before, right?
- 16 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 17 Ambiguous.
- 18 A. I have not.
- 19 Q. "Methods common to the proposed
- class," is that an economic phrase or a legal
- phrase?

22

- A. It may be a legal phrase. In my
- ²³ sentence when I said that the class-wide
- ²⁴ damages, from my perspective, that aspect, is

¹ the economic part of it, whether the same words ² would be used in a legal context or not.

- Q. "Cannot be assessed on a class-wide ⁴ basis," is that a legal phrase or an economics ⁵ phrase?
- A. It is the same answer I just gave you. ⁷ My assignment, as described in my report, was to
- ⁸ consider whether economic damages where I
- ⁹ have -- or economic harm, where it is -- I have
- ¹⁰ defined what I understand that to mean, can be
- ¹¹ assessed on a class-wide basis, and that has
- ¹² meaning to me as an economist, but my answer,
- ¹³ then, to the question is rooted in economics,
- ¹⁴ and it is an economic finding, not a legal one.
- 15 Q. What does class-wide basis mean?
- 16 A. As I use it, it means for the class as 17 a whole.
- 18 Q. And how is that different in your mind, as you use it, from individual basis?
- A. An individual basis would be to an ²¹ individual class member, and class-wide basis is
- to the class as a whole. Q. Is that the extent of your
- ²⁴ understanding?

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- A. Sufficient to answer your question,
- ² yes. To the extent that you will expand the
- ³ context, I may have a different answer, but in
- ⁴ the context in which I understood you to ask it,
- ⁵ that is the --

11

12

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- Q. Do you understand --
- A. If I could just finish the answer so it makes sense.
- 9 MR. GOLDBERG: Hang on, Ruben. She's 10 not finished the answer.
 - Q. Let me know when you're done.
 - THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. If you could just mark that my answer was incomplete,
- 14 there, that would be good. I don't -- I've
- 15 lost my train of thought for it.
- 16 Q. Are you addressing what's commonly 17 referred to as the commonality requirement, in
- the sentence we just went over?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 20 Calls for a legal opinion.
- 21 A. I have an understanding that when
- ²² doing work related to the class certification
- ²³ phase of a litigation, that the work that I do
- ²⁴ is most frequently used by the legal team in the

¹ context of responding to a commonality argument.

The work that I do is based on

- ³ economics and then is used by a legal team in ⁴ the legal context in whatever way they feel is
- ⁵ most appropriate based on their experience and understanding.
- Q. Yeah, that's not really what I'm
- asking you. I'm simply asking if we can agree
- ⁹ that the shorthand way to refer to your
- application of economic principles to this
- aspect of class certification that you've been
- speaking at length about is referred to as
- commonality. That's all I'm asking.
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection --
 - Q. Do you agree with that?
- 16 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form,
- 17 asked and answered. Calls for a legal 18 opinion.
- 19 A. I guess I don't know that to be true
- 20 in all cases. Or even in this one.
- 21 I have an understanding that if the
- ²² lawyers or the court is considering whether
- ²³ there is a predominance of common issues, that
- ²⁴ an economist's report and opinions may factor

- ¹ into the legal opinions on that subject.
- Q. Now you've introduced another legal ³ term, "predominance." Do you know what that 4 means?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
 - Calls for a legal opinion.
- A. I understand it is a term that is
- included in class certification findings, and I
- have an understanding, from a layperson, of what
- 10 that means. I don't -- wouldn't say I have a
- legal understanding, because I'm not a lawyer.
- Q. Well, you do understand, though, don't
- 13 you, that this issue, or business of
- commonality, needs to apply, on the one hand, to
- liability issues, and on the other hand, to
- damage issues. Do you understand that much?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
 - Calls for a legal opinion.
- 19 A. I have an understanding that a court
- may consider whether the liability theories and
- ²¹ defenses are common to the class, and a court
- ²² may consider whether there are individual issues
- ²³ and potentially weigh the common issues against
- ²⁴ the individual issues to assess from a legal

¹ perspective which ones dominate.

- ² Q. You do understand that they fall into ³ two buckets, right? That you have to
- ⁴ demonstrate this commonality concept on
- ⁵ liability, and separately for damages. Do you
 ⁶ get that?
- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Calls for a
 legal opinion.
- ⁹ A. I don't -- I don't get that from an
- ¹⁰ economic perspective. I work on class
- ¹¹ certification matters where I have an assignment
- 12 that I carry out, and then whether that is used
- 13 by the legal term to assess common issues on
- ¹⁴ liability or common issues with respect to
- ¹⁵ damages, that is up to the legal team.
- Q. Do you agree that whether themanufacturers in this case who have produced the
- ¹⁸ VCDs adhere to cGMP in making them is a --
- 19 massage a some or succession of fact on law?
- presents a common question of fact or law?
 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ²¹ Calls for a legal opinion.
- A. I don't have an opinion on that.
- Q. Do you have an opinion whether
- ²⁴ nitrosamines, a probable human carcinogen, can

- to form. Calls for a legal opinion.
- ² A. I don't have an opinion on that.
- Q. Do you -- do you know whether it's a
- ⁴ common question of fact or law whether the VCDs
- ⁵ were adulterated within the meaning of the
- ⁶ Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
 - Calls for a legal opinion.
- A. I don't have an opinion on that. I
- have an understanding that not all of the drugs
- 11 at issue or all of the lots of the drugs at
- 12 issue may have contained any of the impurities
- ¹³ at issue, and I have a discussion of what that
- ¹⁴ means for Dr. Conti's opinions. I don't have an
- ¹⁵ opinion as to the facts surrounding that issue.
- Q. Do you disagree that it's a common question of fact or law to determine whether the
- ¹⁸ VCDs in question were misbranded?
- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
 - Calls for a legal opinion.
- THE WITNESS: Did he ask me do I have an opinion or understanding? Can you
 - repeat. Or sorry.
 - Q. I asked you if you agree --

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¹ present a common question of fact or law?

- MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ³ Calls for a legal opinion.
- ⁴ A. I don't have an opinion on that.
- ⁵ Q. Do you have an opinion whether it's a
- ⁶ common question of fact or law whether the VCDs
- ⁷ in this case were contaminated with NDMA or
- 8 NDEA?
- ⁹ MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ¹⁰ Calls for a legal opinion.
- ¹¹ A. I don't have an opinion on that. I
- ¹² consider in my report the possibility that not
- ¹³ all products included the impurities NDMA and
- ¹⁴ NDEA in quantities that have been alleged to
- ¹⁵ cause an increase in the risk of cancer, and I
- ¹⁶ have opinions that stem from the -- or that --
- ¹⁷ that talk about how that interplays with the
- ¹⁸ economic outcomes.
- Q. Do you agree that it's a common
- ²⁰ question of fact or law whether the defendant
- ²¹ manufacturers in this case were aware, or should
- ²² have been aware, of the potential for
- nitrosamine formation prior to 2018?
 MR GOLDBERG: Objection
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Objection

A. Oh.

- Q. -- that whether or not the VCDs in
- ³ question here are misbranded is a common
- ⁴ question of law or fact.
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Again, object to form.

- Calls for a legal opinion.
- A. I don't think I even understand how
- ⁸ your question is constructed. Whether --
- ⁹ whether I'm being asked to agree with the
- ¹⁰ statement, or being asked to agree that the
- statement, or being asked to agree that the
 - ¹ issue is a common issue.
 - I don't have an opinion, I think, on
- 13 either. But I will say I don't think I
- understood the question.
- O. Dr. Stiroh, the fact is, you don't
- question that there are common questions of fact
- and law that would support certifying a class on
- ¹⁸ liability grounds. Correct?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- ²⁰ Calls for a legal opinion.
 - A. I don't offer opinions on that. I
- ²² have opinions in my report related to the
- ²³ assignment I was asked to undertake.
 - And the assignment was to consider

¹ whether damages from economic losses or

- ² differences in financial outcomes can be
- ³ determined with information common to the class,
- ⁴ and it is my opinion that they cannot be
- ⁵ determined with information common to the class,
- ⁶ and you would need individualized information
- ⁷ for -- from purported class members.
- Q. Right. You said that multiple times.
- ⁹ And the reason for that is because according to
- 10 you, you'd have to value the therapeutic benefit
- ¹¹ on the one hand, and the various risk factors
- ¹² that can only be viewed through the individual
- consumer. Right?
- 14 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 15 Mischaracterizes the testimony.
- 16 A. That is one of the reasons why you need individual information.
- 18 Q. I'm sorry, you're saying I'm correct?
- 19 A. Your full statement was not correct,
- ²⁰ but I do agree with you that you have stated
- ²¹ some of the reasons why you would need
- ²² individual information to properly assess
- ²³ damages in this matter from an economic
- ²⁴ standpoint.

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Q. Yeah. Before we broke for lunch, and ² you and I looked together at what Judge Kugler ³ wrote about the economic worthlessness of the

- ⁴ drug and the concept that the drugs were worth
- ⁵ zero because of the failure of the benefit of
- ⁶ the bargain, you don't disagree that if that
- ⁷ ends up being the measure of damages, that that
- subject is subject to common proof, do you?
- 9 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 10 Mischaracterizes the testimony. Calls for
- 11 a legal opinion.
- 12 A. Can you say it again, or may I ask the court reporter to repeat that question.
- Q. Sure. Judge Kugler is correct that
- ¹⁵ the drugs are economically worthless for the
- ¹⁶ reasons you and I looked at together and,
- therefore, have a value of zero that, arising in class damages, is a simple matter of common
- proof. Correct?

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- A. I don't agree with you.
- 21 MR. GOLDBERG: And note my objection
- 22 as calling for a legal opinion.
- 23 Q. Well, I know that you don't agree with ²⁴ the premise and the foundation for that, for all

- ¹ the reasons you've written and we've talked
- ² about, but if it turns out that the measure of
- ³ damages is financial loss, in the way you've
- ⁴ outlined to me, and you assume or accept that
- ⁵ the value of these drugs is zero, then one
- ⁶ could, quite readily, with common evidence,
- proof, arrive at damages. Correct?
- A. I disagree. If the measure of damages
- is determined to be financial loss, and thus, as
- we discussed this morning, you compare the
- ¹¹ financial position of class members as they were
- and the financial positions as they would have
- ¹³ been had they not consumed the at-issue VCDs,
- you have to consider, Are there other variables
- 15 that change.

16 The other variable that would change

- is what product would they consume instead of
- the VCD to manage their blood pressure. That is
- what is missing from what Dr. Conti did.
 - If you assume away or say that there
- ²¹ would not be any management of blood pressure,
- ²² then the comparison of situations at -- as they
- ²³ are, and the situations as they would be, would
- ²⁴ have to consider what happens to patients if

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- ¹ they stop taking blood pressure medication, and
- ² do they have adverse health outcomes that then
- ³ would also have different financial outlays than
- ⁴ they currently did when their blood pressure was
- ⁵ managed.
- Q. Dr. Stiroh, are you aware that in the
- ⁷ marketplace when these contaminated drugs were
- sold, and afterwards, that there were
- uncontaminated generic forms of Valsartan
- available? Are you aware of that?
- A. I am aware that there are other forms
- ¹² of Valsartan that are not alleged to have the
- impurities, yes.
- Q. And you are aware that in addition to
- 15 these uncontaminated generic forms of Valsartan,
- ¹⁶ there were a whole host of other ARBs, drugs of
- this class, that control blood pressure,
- correct --

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- 19 A. I'm aware of that --
 - Q. -- available to consumers?
- 21 And you are aware that there were also
- ²² branded or innovator drug -- drugs available to
- treat these conditions as well, correct?
 - A. I am aware of the presence of other

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¹ ARBs and the presence of a branded Valsartan ² product.

Q. Do you agree with the statement that ⁴ when these drugs were sold between 2012 and ⁵ their removal from the market in 2018, the ⁶ contaminated forms of it, that no consumer was ⁷ aware if the drugs were contaminated?

A. Did you ask me if I am aware of that or I agree with that?

Q. Is there a difference for you?

A. I think if you asked me if I'm aware, 12 you are stating a fact that I'm -- I don't know ¹³ to be true.

14 And if you're asking me if I am ¹⁵ aware -- if -- well, either way, I don't know ¹⁶ that it is true about what consumers understood ¹⁷ to be included in their Valsartan-containing ¹⁸ drugs as I sit here today.

Q. Do you have any facts or evidence to ²⁰ share with us under oath that any consumer, ²¹ between 2012 and 2018, had any basis to ²² understand that their Valsartan contained ²³ nitrosamines?

A. That is not a subject on which I am

¹ purposes of my report.

Q. Well, I want you to assume in a ³ hypothetical that its what they claim.

And I want to then ask you, on the ⁵ basis of that assumed fact, if it's conceivable ⁶ to you that the manufacturers didn't know there

⁷ were nitrosamines in their Valsartan pills, but

you believe that consumers might have known that fact. Is that your statement?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. Argumentative.

12 A. That is not my statement.

13 Q. Okay. Let me ask you a different 14 question.

15 Can you -- do you believe, as a matter of economics, that if there's a binary choice given to a consumer to buy, in this case, with ¹⁸ knowledge, a VCD that's contaminated with a carcinogen and the exact same VCD that is uncontaminated with any carcinogen, that there's ²¹ any consumer who would rationally select the ²² contaminated one?

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A. I could envision a scenario in which ²⁴ that happens, yes.

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¹ offering testimony. I don't have information to

² share with you as I sit here today on that

³ subject.

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Q. Do you think for a split second that a ⁵ single consumer knew about it and none of the ⁶ manufacturers did? Because that's what they ⁷ claim, you know.

MR. GOLDBERG: Object- --

Q. You know that, right?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

11 Foundation. Argumentative.

12 A. Are you asking do I know what is claimed by manufacturers?

Q. Are you aware that the manufacturers, ¹⁵ uniformly in this case, claim that they didn't ¹⁶ know and couldn't know of the presence of ¹⁷ nitrosamines in their own products during the relevant class period? Are you aware of that? 19

A. I don't think --

20 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. A. -- I have reviewed information that --²² or at least that I recall as I sit here, on what ²³ the defendant manufacturers are stating. It is ²⁴ not something that I recall reviewing for

Q. Okay. Can you tell us, under oath, in ² what scenario would a rational person pick the ³ contaminated VCD.

A. A scenario in which that may happen is ⁵ if the VCD that contains impurities is priced

⁶ lower than the VCD with -- without impurities,

⁷ and a consumer, in consultation with their

⁸ doctor, is informed that the level of impurities

⁹ is not likely to change their health comes --

10 health outcomes in any meaningful way, that a

consumer may decide to save money by choosing a

product that has impurities in it.

13 Q. Do you know facts that support that ¹⁴ having occurred here ever?

15 A. I have examples in my report where I ¹⁶ talk about similar types of comparisons where consumers choose between organic products and products that contain pesticides, where

pesticides may include elements that could have risks for human health outcomes.

21 And consumers make different choices ²² in different scenarios, but we can observe ²³ market differences in prices. We observe ²⁴ organic vegetables being sold, and we observe

vegetables that have been exposed to pesticides
 being sold.

I have an example where economists
 have measured differences in housing prices,
 where houses are located in an area where there
 is a higher incidence of leukemia than other
 areas, and economists can observe and measure

⁸ the differences in prices that would be

attributable to the added risk in one geographic
 area to another geographic area.

The section in my report that describes other examples of where economists have measured and priced risk I have in my report as an indication that economists do look at these types of things.

The presence of risk doesn't render a product worthless. The presence of risk has been measured by economists in other factors. It's not appropriate to make the assumption that Dr. Conti did. It's not appropriate to assume

worthlessness because of the presence of a risk.
 Q. In order to price the presence of a
 risk, doesn't a consumer need to know that the

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¹ A. In the examples that I gave you, I was ² envisioning that the economist prices the risk.

The -- whether the consumer prices the risks, there are examples where the consumer

⁵ could know about a risk, and in those scenarios,

we can see a divergence in price and consumption
 patterns of products that are deemed more or

⁸ less risky.

²⁴ risk exists?

⁹ Q. Dr. Stiroh, respectfully, you didn't answer my question. In order for either a ¹¹ consumer or an economist, on an assumption, to ¹² price or place a value on risk, to exercise that ¹³ choice, you have to have knowledge of the risk, ¹⁴ do you not?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.Ambiguous.

A. To price the risk, an economist would
 have an understanding or an assumption regarding
 the risk profile, yes.

Q. That's right. In order to affirmatively choose to live in an area with high leukemia because of environmental factors, you'd have to know about that risk in order to

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²⁴ take it or assume it or exercise a choice around

¹ it, correct?

A. To do an economic study and draw the conclusion that a price differential is due to risk, you would have built into that some expectation regarding information that is known about the risks.

Q. Have you seen a single shred of
 evidence in this case that any consumer, during
 the relevant class period, proposed class
 period, was aware of the presence of
 nitrosamines in these Valsartan-containing
 drugs?

¹³ A. I am not aware of any information that ¹⁴ indicates that.

Q. Let's bring up -- go into your

document if you would, and pull up -- just find

ti -- bear with me. It's a -- it should be a

Rab 3. And it's a section of the United States

Code.

MR. GOLDBERG: Is this 331 or 3512

MR. GOLDBERG: Is this 331 or 351?
 MR. HONIK: 331.

MR. GOLDBERG: Okay.

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(Prohibited Acts, 21 USCA, Section

331, was marked Stiroh Exhibit 3 for

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identification, as of this date.)

² Q. Dr. Stiroh, do you have what's been ³ marked as Exhibit 3?

Dr. Stiroh, have you ever laid eyes on 21 United States Code Annotated Section 331?

⁶ A. I don't have a particular recollection ⁷ of it. I may have seen it before.

Q. Do you see at the top, it's part of
 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act?
 Do you see that?

¹¹ A. I see a heading, Chapter 9, Federal ¹² Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, is that what ¹³ you're referring me to?

Q. Yes, ma'am. And underneath it, it should say Subchapter 3, Prohibited Acts and Penalties.

Do you see that?

A. I do.

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Q. And the construct for this, as a
 prohibited act piece of litigation, is to set
 out what's prohibited.

You see where it says, The following acts and the causing thereof are prohibited, colon?

You see that?

2 A. I do.

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- Q. And the very first prohibited act
- ⁴ that's listed is as follows: The introduction
- ⁵ or delivery for introduction into interstate
- ⁶ commerce, of any food, drug, device, tobacco
- ⁷ product or cosmetic that is adulterated or
- ⁸ misbranded.
 - Did I read that correctly?
- 10 A. I believe you did.
- Q. Have you ever seen this statement
- 12 in -- in the -- in federal law?
- A. I don't think I have set out to read
- ¹⁴ federal law. The statement sounds familiar from
- ¹⁵ Dr. Conti's materials. I may have seen it in
- ¹⁶ this context as well, but I don't have a
- ¹⁷ recollection of having reviewed this document.
- Q. Suffice to say you didn't give any
- ¹⁹ weight or consideration to this prohibited act
- as set out in 21 USCA Section 331?
- 21 A. I don't think that is accurate to say
- ²² that I didn't give it weight. I didn't -- don't
- ²³ recall having reviewed this particular document.
- To the extent that it is something

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- ¹ that factors into Dr. Conti's opinions, I --
- ² that is something that I consider explicitly in
- ³ my report.
- Q. This prohibits legally introducing,
- ⁵ into the legal class of trade, an adulterated or
- ⁶ misbranded product. Correct?
- 7 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Calls for a
- 8 legal opinion.
- A. I can see what the words are. I can't
- ¹⁰ give you an opinion on what this prohibits or
- doesn't prohibit. I'm not a lawyer.
- Q. Doctor, you have a Ph.D. from Harvard
- ¹³ in economics. Can you apply a plain meaning to
- ¹⁴ what we read together sufficient to understand
- ¹⁵ and agree that it prohibits introducing
- ¹⁶ adulterated drugs in interstate commerce in the
- ¹⁷ United States?

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- MR. GOLDBERG: Same --
- Q. Can you draw that meaning from it?
- MR. GOLDBERG: Same objection.
- 21 A. I can draw the plain English meaning
- ²² from the words. I cannot give you a legal
- opinion related to it.
 - Q. Would you agree that because an

- ¹ adulterated drug can't be introduced into
 - ² interstate commerce in the U.S., that that means
 - ³ such a drug, namely an adulterated drug, cannot
 - have a legitimate supply curve in our market?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form, ambiguous.
 - A. I have an understanding of what
 - ⁸ Dr. Conti was seeking to do when she removed the
 - supply curve and called that legitimate supply.
 - ¹⁰ I have a discussion in my report about economic
 - 11 loss damages and that her analysis does not
 - establish worthlessness.
 - Whether there is a supply of product
 - that the U.S. court allows, that is not the same
 - ¹⁵ as measuring the worth or value of drugs. The
 - ¹⁶ worth or value of drugs to consumers depends on
- their valuation of the products, not the supply
- of the products.
- 19 I disagree with Dr. Conti on that 20 point.
- 21 Q. Did you hear me invoke Dr. Conti's
- ²² name or any of her findings in my question,
- Dr. Stiroh?
 - A. I don't recall if you said it. It is

- ¹ relevant to my answer because my assignment in
- this case was to consider her opinions.
- Q. I'm not talking about your assignment
- ⁴ now. I've asked you a profoundly simple
- question.
- And that is, as an economic principle,
- ⁷ how can you have a legitimate supply curve of a
- product that is, by law, prohibited from
- entering interstate commerce?
- 10 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 11 Ambiguous.
- 12 A. As a matter of economics, you could
- ¹³ have a supply curve if there is supply of the
- product. What I take you to mean by "legitimate
- supply" is supply of a product that meets
- 16 certain requirements.
 - My understanding is that there was
- supply of VCDs that met those requirements, and
- ¹⁹ the question is whether there -- the absence of
- ²⁰ supply from defendants causes products to be
- ²¹ worthless.
- 22 Q. You agree, if we were constructing,
- ²³ economically speaking, as you do all the time,
- ²⁴ and appropriately so, a but-for world in which

¹ there's compliance with the law, and

- ² specifically this prohibition of introducing
- ³ into interstate commerce adulterated drugs, that
- ⁴ in that but-for world, there is no legitimate
- ⁵ supply curve, correct?
- A. I don't think that's correct. I think ⁷ you -- if you assume that the drugs that are
- ⁸ alleged to have impurities are not part of the
- ⁹ market, if you assume them away, there is still
- ¹⁰ supply of other Valsartan-containing drugs.
- Q. You agree that if all of VHP's drug products were adulterated, that none of them could lawfully be in the U.S. legal class of
- ¹⁴ trade. Correct?
- 15 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. 16 Calls for a legal opinion.
- 17 A. I don't know if I agree with that or
- ¹⁸ not. The facts that I take into account for my
- report is that there were supply of drugs, there
- ²⁰ were purchases of drugs, and I consider the
- ²¹ value of those drugs and how the value might be
- ²² diminished if consumers knew that there were
- ²³ impurities in them.
 - It's a framework that I have worked

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- ¹ with in my report. The concept of legitimate
- ² supply being necessary for value is something I
- ³ reject.

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- Q. Do you see, in Exhibit 3, that the
- ⁵ third prohibited act under C reads, The receipt
- ⁶ in interstate commerce of any food, drug,
- ⁷ device, tobacco product or cosmetic that is
- ⁸ adulterated or misbranded, and the delivery or
- proper delivery thereof, for pay or otherwise,
- is yet another prohibited act.
 - Do you see that?
- 12 A. I see where you are reading from the document.
- Q. And where it says, And the delivery or
- proffered delivery thereof for pay, do you
- understand that the prohibition against, in this
- case, a drug manufacturer being paid for an adulterated drug?
- 19 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 20 Calls for a legal opinion.
- A. I guess I don't have an opinion on
- ²² what this means or a clear understanding of what
- ²³ number C means.
 - Q. You don't have an understanding that

¹ the totality of these two statements means that

- ² you can't introduce adulterated drugs into the
- ³ U.S. interstate commerce and you can't get paid
- ⁴ for it? You don't understand that construct?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
 - Calls for a legal opinion.
 - A. I guess as the plain English, if I
- ⁸ look at C, it seems to be illegal or prohibited
- to receive it. Does that mean to you that it is prohibited for a consumer to receive a drug?
- 11 I don't think that's what would be
- intended. But if I, as an economist and not a
- lawyer read it, that's what the words say.
 - Q. Suffice to say you didn't consider
- 21 USCA 331 A or C in your own analysis, right?
- 16 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
 - Asked and answered.
- 18 A. I did not rely on this document to
- reach my opinions. My recollection is that
- ²⁰ these statements are included in the materials
- used by Dr. Conti, and so I consider her
- materials and the opinions that she draws, in my
- report, responding to those opinions.
 - Q. Can you show me or tell me where in

- ¹ your report you discuss these prohibited acts
 - and their impact on your economic analysis?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, while Dr. Stiroh
 - is looking at that, when you get a chance,
 - 5 could we take a break for a minute or two?
 - 6 MR. HONIK: At a -- at an appropriate 7
 - place to stop, which is soon, I think.
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Thanks.
 - A. In my report, I have a section
 - Roman II, "Background," that starts on page 9,
 - with paragraph 9.
 - 12 Paragraph 10 has my understanding of
 - some of the facts at issue in this case,
 - including whether there are amounts of NDMA in
 - the VCDs at issue.
 - 16 Q. Dr. Stiroh, I'm looking at
 - paragraphs 9 and 10, and this entire
 - ¹⁸ "Background" section. I don't see a blessed

 - ¹⁹ thing about the law prohibiting the introduction
 - of adulterated drugs in interstate commerce.
 - ²¹ Where is -- where is it that you say it's in 22 there?
 - 23 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection.
 - 24 Argumentative.

A. I don't believe I used that phrase ² anywhere in my report.

Q. Do you -- are you aware that ⁴ defendants' own expert on the pharmaceutical ⁵ supply chain, cGMP chemistry, agrees that this ⁶ construct in Exhibit 3 that we've been looking ⁷ at means that there could be no legitimate supply curve? Are you aware of that? A. I am not.

10 Q. Have you read or been informed ¹¹ about -- by the defense, about the testimony of ¹² Dr. Lambert in this case?

A. I'm not familiar with the testimony of ¹⁴ Dr. Lambert.

Q. And I don't -- I don't think you so ¹⁶ much as refer to him in your reliance materials, correct?

18 A. I don't believe I refer to him in my reliance materials. I don't recall having relied on anything that he wrote.

21 Q. Would it surprise you, then, that he ²² agrees that if the FDA considers a drug to be ²³ adulterated or misbranded, as set out here, and ²⁴ the fact that it can't be lawfully introduced

¹ you'd like, I can put it up on a share screen or

² direct your attention to a paper exhibit, but

³ let me first begin by reading it.

And for the record, this is the

⁵ deposition -- sworn deposition testimony of ⁶ Dr. Lambert. It appears at page 104, beginning

⁷ at line 21, and the question was as follows:

And so does that not mean,

Dr. Lambert, that there can be no legitimate supply curve, that is, an adulterated drug

cannot be legally introduced into the legal

class of trade in the United States?

And the witness, Dr. Lambert, for the ¹⁴ defense, said, So if it's determined by the FDA 15 that it is indeed adulterated, then I would 16 agree.

And so my question to you is, are you ¹⁸ in disagreement with Dr. Lambert that there can be no legitimate supply curve by the application of this law, and if so, if you do disagree, can

you tell us under oath why?

22 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. Calls for a 23 legal opinion.

A. In my opinion as an economist, there

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¹ into interstate commerce, and the manufacturer

² or supplier of that lawfully receives money,

³ that that means under that construct, it can't

⁴ be a legitimate supply curve?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection --

Q. Do you deny that?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

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9 A. Are you asking me if I deny what somebody else said in testimony I haven't read?

Q. Yes. Do you have any basis to disagree with what Dr. Lambert, on behalf of defendants, told us under oath?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Assumes facts not in evidence.

16 A. I have a basis to disagree with certain statements that you have made on the grounds of them not being economic principles.

19 Whether they are legal principles, I don't have a basis to agree with you or disagree ²¹ about whether somebody else in this case said ²² something or agreed to something when I have not ²³ read their testimony.

Q. Well, let me read it to you, and if

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¹ is a supply curve if there is supply of

² products, and -- or willingness to supply

³ products at different price points. That's what

a representation of a supply curve would be.

My understanding is that not all of

⁶ the VCDs at issue contained the NDMA and NDEA

⁷ impurities, and it is also my opinion, as an

economist, that whether there is supply of the

⁹ Valsartan-containing drugs at issue or not,

there is value that was received for the

products that were purchased and consumed.

12 Q. Dr. Stiroh, if Dr. Lambert is right ¹³ and you're wrong, that there is an illegitimate ¹⁴ supply curve, you'd agree that no equilibrium

price could be set, because you've already

¹⁶ confirmed that it requires the intersection of a

supply-and-demand curve. Right?

A. I would agree that an equilibrium ¹⁹ price is the intersection of a supply-and-demand curve. I have disagreed with you about whether

²¹ there is still a supply curve for

²² Valsartan-containing drugs, and I disagree with

²³ Dr. Conti that the absence of supply of certain

²⁴ Valsartan-containing drugs implies that the

¹ value of those products that were consumed by ² consumers is zero.

Q. Dr. Stiroh, inasmuch as you're not a ⁴ cGMP expert, would you disagree with the idea,

⁵ in good manufacturing practices and by the

⁶ application of FDA regulations, that if you

⁷ can't guarantee the integrity, purity, safety

⁸ and efficacy of one lot or batch of drugs that

⁹ fail to meet cGMP, that that implicates and

causes all of the pills to be adulterated? MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

Ambiguous. Calls for a legal opinion.

A. The part of that that I agree with is 13 14 that I am not a cGMP expert.

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15 I don't think I even followed the rest of the question.

17 And -- I guess not sure why you would ask my opinion with -- starting it out by saying that you agree that I am not a cGMP expert. I don't have opinions on that topic.

21 Actually, if we could take a break.

22 MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. The witness has 23 just asked to take a break, and I had asked 24 about ten minutes ago.

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MR. HONIK: I just have some quick 2

follow-up to that, and then we can break.

Q. The reason I've asked you, Doctor, is ⁴ that you keep repeating that some but not all of ⁵ the drugs, as to some of the manufacturers, was

⁶ contaminated, and I'm merely asking if you have ⁷ any awareness of the rules and regulations of

⁸ current manufacturing practices which renders

all drugs from a facility as adulterated if you

can't guarantee the safety of each and every product coming out of that facility.

12 You either are or are not aware of

that. That's what I've asked.

14 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. 15

Calls for a legal opinion.

Q. Are you?

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17 A. I am not aware of that, and I am not offering opinions on that.

Q. Thank you.

MR. HONIK: How much time of a break would you like, Seth?

22 MR. GOLDBERG: Why don't we take 23 ten minutes.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time right

now --

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Exhibit 4.

MR. HONIK: Thank you.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time right now

is 3:11 p.m. We are off the record.

(A recess was taken from 3:11 to 3:28.)

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Time right now is 3:28 p.m. We are back on the record.

9 MR. HONIK: Jeff, for the benefit of 10 the record, I've had Dr. Stiroh pull a 11 transcription about which I questioned her 12 earlier, and we're going to be marking this

> (Transcript of deposition of William J. Lambert was marked Stiroh Exhibit 4 for identification, as of this date.)

THE COURT REPORTER: It's now marked.

18 Q. Dr. Stiroh, we had been talking a bit about this idea of equally -- equilibrium pricing and the intersection of supply-and-demand curves.

As an economist -- I don't want to oversimplify it, but the way one would graph a ²⁴ supply curve or put that on the graph, you'd be

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¹ able to see, in the case of a consumer product,

² the actual movement of a line representing sales

³ in the marketplace. Correct?

A. No. I think you are -- either I am

⁵ confused from your question or you're confusing ⁶ concepts in your question.

A demand curve and a supply curve that

8 intersects at a point that we call the equilibrium price does not show movement along a ¹⁰ line.

11 You can imagine it as the amounts that ¹² would be consumed at different price points from 13 the standpoint of consumers, or would be ¹⁴ supplied at different price points from the ¹⁵ standpoint of suppliers. What we observe in

¹⁶ data is what happens at the intersection. Q. That's right. And you got me on the ¹⁸ words. All I meant to ask you, in -- however 19 inartfully, and we can go around on this if

²⁰ you'd like, but all I want to understand is, if 21 it isn't -- if you aren't able, as an economist,

²² to plot on a graph a supply curve.

A. I'm sorry. You're asking me if it is ²⁴ possible to plot on a graph a supply curve?

Q. Yeah.

² A. Yes.

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Q. And when you do so, if the value of a

⁴ particular point on that graph is zero, is at

⁵ zero, is -- does that mean that there's no

⁶ supply of that item or product?

A. No. There may be a point where

⁸ quantity demanded is zero and the price could be

quite high. And you would expect that there

would be many suppliers that would be willing to

11 supply the product at that high price, but there

¹² would be no consumer demand for it.

Q. Did you hear me ask you anything about pricing?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

¹⁶ Argumentative.

¹⁷ A. I -- then I should have asked for

¹⁸ clarification, what are you envisioning on the

19 axes for a supply curve or a demand curve that

o would intersect.

I imagined that they were intersecting at a point that gives you coordinates for price and quantity.

Q. Okay. So let's try it again. I'm not

Page 191

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talking about a demand curve, and I'm not
 talking about equilibrium pricing. I'm merely

³ asking you if, as an economist, when you plot a

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⁴ supply curve on a graph, if -- if it's at zero

⁵ on the horizontal axis and zero at the vertical

⁶ axis, if that means there's no supply.

⁷ A. Yes.

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MR. GOLDBERG: Objection.

Q. Okay.

Have you seen the sales of any of the at-issue VCDs after recall?

¹² A. Yes.

Q. And do you agree that those sales are at zero in the case of the recalled manufacturer products?

A. I have seen, in the IQVIA data, that there continue to be records of sales of the recalled products after the dates of recalls.

Q. You don't agree that there was no supply, legitimate supply curve for ZHP VCDs after the recall?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
Ambiguous.

A. I think the term, "legitimate supply,"

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¹ is something that Dr. Conti has created for this

² report. I don't understand it outside of the

³ context of her report. And I hear you use it,

⁴ and before, you objected to me saying her name.

I have seen IQVIA data, and after the

⁶ dates of recalls, it is apparent in the IQVIA

⁷ data that it looks like there are sales of the

⁸ products at issue. Whether that's a flaw in the

⁹ data source or an actual fact, I cannot tell you as I sit here.

You asked me if I have seen the data.

12 I have seen it, and that is what I have

observed.

Q. Let -- let me ask the question this way. What's your definition of no supply curve?

⁶ A. I don't have a definition of no supply

¹⁷ curve. I have a definition of no supply. Which

¹⁸ I think that you asked me earlier, and I agreed,

¹⁹ that if supply is zero, that is no supply. That

is not the same as there being no supply curve.

A supply curve is a construct of the consideration of how much would be supplied by suppliers at different price points.

Would be willing to be supplied.

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Q. Do you agree that one of the ways to

² think about this case is to create a but-for

³ world prior to the recall starting in 2018,

⁴ going back to the beginning of manufacturing in

⁵ 2012, in which there's zero supply?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

7 Ambiguous.

A. I have considered that if the but-for

⁹ world has zero supply of certain Valsartan

10 products between 2012 and 2018, what

implications that has for consumer expenditures.

 $^{12}\,$ Q. Yeah, that's not really what I asked $^{13}\,$ vou.

Could you, at my direction, supply a but-for or develop a but-for model in which

6 there's zero supply, between 2012 and 2018, of

¹⁷ Valsartan-containing drugs, yes or no? And then

¹⁸ I have a follow-up question.

A. I could construct a model, considering the scenario where there is zero supply of

²¹ certain Valsartan-containing drug products, and

consider the economic implications of that modelfor financial outcomes for consumers.

Q. I don't know what the second part of

¹ it is, but I take it you can -- you can create a

- ² but-for world with zero VCD supplies. That much
- ³ you said you could do. Right?
 - A. I can do that.
- Q. In that but-for world, is not the --
- ⁶ the cost of that drug zero?
- Isn't the -- excuse me, I misspoke.
- 8 Isn't the price of that drug zero?
- A. No.

10 As an economic matter, the price for a product that has been taken out of the market no ¹² longer exists.

13 For a but-for world to be complete and ¹⁴ meaningful in a damages context, then you would need to consider what consumers would purchase instead of the product that they did purchase.

17 I can construct a damages model where ¹⁸ this but-for scenario is that there is no supply of the Valsartan-containing drugs at issue.

20 For that to be a complete damage ²¹ model, I need to consider what do patients do to ²² manage their blood pressure in the absence of ²³ the products that they actually did consume.

Q. Dr. Stiroh, you didn't even come close

¹ estimate damages under a scenario where we

² imagine removing the supply of

³ Valsartan-containing drugs.

To make that an economically valid ⁵ damage assessment, I would need to consider what

⁶ do consumers who purchase those drugs do in the

⁷ alternative. I would consider the prices they

⁸ would pay for alternative drugs, whether they

alternative -- they are alternative ARBs or

different VCDs other than the contaminated ones.

It is not true to say the price is ¹² zero if there is no supply. There is -- price ¹³ does not exist in that case. That is

¹⁴ meaningless, to say that the price is zero.

¹⁵ Price is zero is a free good; price nonexistent ¹⁶ is for a product that doesn't exist.

Q. I understand your -- your answer. And ¹⁸ I think anyone listening to this will understand it as well.

20 Why don't you pull up from your pile ²¹ of exhibits there, both Tabs 18 and 19, which would be your invoicing in this case.

We're going to mark your exhibits --²⁴ excuse me, your invoices as Exhibit --

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¹ to answering my question.

What I asked you to assume is not all ³ the things you ingrafted upon my hypothetical.

⁴ It's true, because you've already told me there

⁵ could be no equilibrium price where there's no

⁶ intersection of supply and demand, and having

⁷ informed me that you can create a but-for world ⁸ with zero supply, which means it will never meet

⁹ a demand curve, there can be no equilibrium

10 price. Correct?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.

12 Argumentative. Asked and answered. 13

Ambiguous.

14 A. No.

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15 Acknowledging it's getting a little ¹⁶ late in the afternoon, that question was absolutely meaningless from a standpoint of economics.

I can create a but-for world --

20 Q. I guess --

21 A. Let me finish my answer, please.

22 MR. GOLDBERG: Hang on, Ruben. Hang

23 on, Ruben. The witness is talking.

A. I can create a but-for world and

¹ Exhibit 5, and the summary that we prepared as

Page 197

² Exhibit 6.

3 Would you give that to our reporter,

please.

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(Invoice from NERA Economic Consulting

was marked Stiroh Exhibit 5 for

identification, as of this date.)

(Summary of invoices was marked Stiroh

Exhibit 6 for identification, as of this

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11 Q. Do you have Exhibits 5 and 6 in front 12 of you?

MR. GOLDBERG: Not yet, not yet. Hang

on. Wait one second, please.

Okay, go ahead.

Q. Do you have Exhibit 5, the collection of invoices that were turned over to us?

A. I do.

19 Q. You're familiar with your own invoicing for the work that you and your

associates at your firm did in this case?

Q. You reviewed them before today's ²⁴ deposition?

A. I did.

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- Q. The earliest of the activity on
- ³ invoicing that I have relates to October of
- ⁴ 2020. Is that correct?
- ⁵ A. The -- the first page of the project
- ⁶ diaries that I have has an entry from me from
- ⁷ September 15, 2020.
- ⁸ Q. Does that correspond to the earliest ⁹ point at which you did work on this matter?
- A. I expect I would have read the
- 11 complaint prior to that date, but it is the --
- ¹² the first date that I recall once I had
- ¹³ received -- been retained and received an
- 14 assignment.
- Q. And the work that you did in this
- ¹⁶ matter, Dr. Stiroh, you did perhaps hired by one
- ¹⁷ counsel but you did it on behalf of all the
- ¹⁸ defendants. Didn't you?
- ¹⁹ A. Yes, that is correct.
- Q. And that's specifically set out in
- ²¹ your report, is it not?
- A. Yes. My report, under "Assignment,"
- ²³ says, I've been asked for counsel for all
- ²⁴ defendants, and goes on from there.
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- ¹ Q. Do you know of any other economist ² that was engaged to do any work similar to your
- ³ own by the defendants in this case?
- ⁴ A. I'm not sure what you mean by that.
- ⁵ Q. Are you the sole economist engaged by
- ⁶ the defendants to prepare a report on whether or
- $^{\rm 7}\,$ not damages can be ascertained on a class-wide
- ⁸ basis?
- ⁹ A. I am the only -- I'm the only one that
- ¹⁰ I'm aware of, but I -- I don't know if they've
- ¹¹ engaged others.
- Q. And from my review of your own
- ¹³ invoicing, the last of the invoices covers the
- ¹⁴ period December ending last year, 2021. Is that
- 15 correct?
- ¹⁶ A. Yes.
- Q. Would you put Exhibit 6 in front of
- 18 you.

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- A. I have it.
- Q. This is a summary that we put together
- ²¹ that's a simple computation or addition of the
- ²² various invoice amounts from October of 2020
- ²³ through the end of December 2021.
 - Do you see that?

- A. I do.
- Q. Do you have any reason to dispute the
- ³ amounts that are indicated or enumerated in
- ⁴ Exhibit 6?
- A. I haven't gone through it and matched
- ⁶ them up, but I don't have a reason to dispute
- ⁷ them.
- Q. So, if the total of the invoice
- ⁹ amounts for your work and that of your firm was
- 10 \$1,369,114 through the end of calendar year
- ¹¹ 2021, you would agree with that. Right?
- ¹² A. Yes.
- Q. How -- with what frequency did your
- ¹⁴ firm issue invoicing for work done by NERA, your
- 15 firm in this case?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, are you able to
- put the summary document up on the screen.
 I'm getting that request from people who
- are watching in on Zoom.
 - MR. HONIK: Yeah, I'd be delighted to.
- Dave, are you able to do that?
- MR. STANOCH: It's in the public
- exhibit folder at Exhibit 6, but --
 - MR. HONIK: Do you know how to pull it

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- up as a screen share?
 - MR. STANOCH: Stand by.
 - Q. There we go. Is -- is what you see on
 - ⁴ the screen, Dr. Stiroh, the summary that we
 - 5 marked Exhibit 6?
 - A. It is what you marked as Exhibit 6.
 - ⁷ Looking at it now, I -- I'm not sure -- I see
 - ⁸ for January dash 21, 301,262.50. And if I look
 - ⁹ at an invoice that I think is intended to cover
 - o that period, I see 30,162.50.
 - Q. Okay. If there's a computational
 - ¹² error, then we'll correct it.
 - A. If I can, then I think I need to
 - ¹⁴ correct my last answer. I did not dispute that
 - ¹⁵ these were accurate, and now I do.
 - Q. The -- the question that I -- that I
 - ¹⁷ posed to you, which I don't think you answered
 - ¹⁸ as yet, is, with what frequency has NERA, on
 - as yet, is, with what frequency has ivery, on
 - 19 your behalf and on behalf of your associates,
 - ²⁰ billed the defendants for your time? Has it
 - ²¹ been on a monthly basis?
 - A. Generally, the invoices reflect a
 - ²³ month's work. The frequency with which we get
 - ²⁴ them out the door is not quite monthly, but

¹ the -- the -- the period of coverage is ² typically a month.

- ³ Q. Have you seen any invoicing for the ⁴ work of yourself and your team for any part of ⁵ 2022?
- ⁶ A. Yes.
- ⁷ Q. When did you see such invoicing?
- ⁸ A. We are in the process of reviewing ⁹ those currently. I have not yet completed my ¹⁰ review of them. I have seen that they're in the ¹¹ process of being prepared.
- Q. And is that true for January 2022, that is, you haven't billed for January 2022?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Are you able to -- since you've seen the invoicing, and you're auditing it, can you tell me the number of additional hours that reflect work of yourself and others at NERA in 2022?
- A. Not by memory. There would be hours associated with completing my report. But I don't recall specifically what the hours were.
- Q. Right. And all I'm asking you is to estimate for me, if you can, how many total

¹ invoice number US 48601P005.

Do you see that page, for example?

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³ A. I might need you to say it again a ⁴ little bit slower. What is the invoice date ⁵ that you want me to look at?

⁶ Q. Let's try to do it this way. I think ⁷ it's the second page of Exhibit 5.

- A. I have the second page --
- O. Let's do that.
- ¹⁰ A. I have the second page of Exhibit 5 in ¹¹ front of me.
- ¹² Q. In the right-hand upper corner, does ¹³ it say November 24, 2020?
 - A. It does.
- Q. And do you see under your own name as managing director, there's an entry, it says December 15, 2020?
- ¹⁸ A. Yes.
- Q. And the description of services rendered is redacted, with the exception of the word "discussion," with S.LI.
- Do you see that?
- ²³ A. Yes.
- Q. Did you cause that redaction?

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- ¹ hours NERA is likely to bill from January 1,
- ² 2022, to the present, which would include the
- ³ finalization of your report, subsequent review,
- ⁴ any testimony of experts in this case,
- ⁵ preparation for today, anything else that you
- 6 might have done in -- in connection with your
 7 engagement.
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection.
- Q. How many hours would that total?
 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection.
- ¹¹ Speculation.

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- ¹² A. I think the total would be around, ¹³ say, 3,500 hours for all of NERA's work in this
- matter. And so whatever is totaled up in the
 invoices through December 2021 would be
- 16 subtracted off of that with the understanding
- ⁷ that that is sort of a ballpark guess.
 - Q. Understood.

Turn with me, in Exhibit 5, which is the -- which are the invoices themselves, and I

- ²¹ just want to go through some of them to get a
- ²² flavor for what I'm looking at here.
- There's something called "Project
- ²⁴ Diary," dated November 24, 2020, and there's an

A. I did not.

Q. Do you know why it was redacted?

MR. GOLDBERG: Objection. I mean, that -- that calls for a legal conclusion.

And this is information that has been marked confidential by counsel.

MR. HONIK: Nothing's been marked confidential. I just have black lines. Do you want to convey why this has been redacted?

MR. GOLDBERG: You can ask the witness the questions. I'm not here to testify.

MR. HONIK: I have asked her.

- A. All right. But I thought you were asking Mr. Goldberg. Sorry.
- Q. Well, he -- he interrupted.

The question I asked was, why was this redacted and what's in there? What -- what service did you render on September 15, 2020?

MR. GOLDBERG: Let me object to the extent you are being asked to provide information not in a testifying capacity.

THE WITNESS: Now I answer? MR. GOLDBERG: Yes.

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A. My team and I spent time on this case ² in a consulting capacity separate from the assignment that I have described in my report.

It's my understanding that --

Q. I don't -- I'm sorry, I don't understand the distinction you're making. MR. GOLDBERG: Well, counsel, that's 8 not really for Dr. Stiroh. We can talk

9 about this among lawyers. But -- but I'll 10 leave it at that. 11

If you'd like to go off the record, I'm happy to do that, and we can talk about

MR. HONIK: Well, I -- no, I'd like to stay on the record. I think it's permissible for me to ask about her work in this case.

18 It's -- you've been billed for it. 19 It's in the invoice that's been produced to 20 us. I'd like to know what the work was 21 that relates to this case.

22 Q. Do you -- do you -- first of all, do 23 you know the answer to my question? 24

A. I have a general recollection of some

¹ December 2021.

Q. Well, do you see, for example, the ³ time entries for an associate analyst by the name of Nathan Evans? Do you see that? MR. GOLDBERG: We're not on the same 6

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page, Ruben. So -- are you talking about the invoice dated December 8, 2021, or the time --

MR. HONIK: No, I'm talking about a page called "Project Diaries."

A. I have a page called "Project Diaries" that reflects time for Nathan Evans for ¹³ December 2021.

14 Q. Okay. But do you see the entries for ¹⁵ October 14 through October 20 are completely 16 redacted?

17 A. I'm sorry. I was looking at the wrong ¹⁸ one. I think -- let me catch up with you. If you give me the dates for the entries, I think I can find the page. The person and the dates for ²¹ the entries.

22 Q. October -- October 14 through October 20, 2021.

A. I believe I have the correct page in

Page 207

¹ of the work that was done that is not connected

² with my assignment with respect to class

³ certification issues.

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Q. So, are you saying that you had multiple assignments from these same defendants?

6 MR. GOLDBERG: Counsel, I don't want 7 to belabor the point here. Just as you

8 have done with your experts, to the extent

Dr. Stiroh provided services for defendants

that were not related to the opinions in

her report, that information is redacted.

MR. HONIK: Is that the reason they were redacted?

MR. GOLDBERG: I just represented that to you.

16 Q. Dr. Stiroh, can you turn deeper into 17 the pile of invoices -- let me try to shorthand way to -- shorthand way.

19 Can you go to project diaries dated ²⁰ December 8, 2021. It's in- -- Invoice

²¹ Number US 53163P005. And I would estimate it's

about eight or ten pages from the back. A. I have in front me a page with project

²⁴ diaries with my time that encompasses

¹ front of me.

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Q. Do you see how all of Mr. Evans' time ³ for those dates are redacted?

A. I do.

Q. What does this work relate to that caused it to be redacted, if not support for this report?

8 MR. GOLDBERG: Again, counsel, that 9 information has been redacted because it 10 is -- does not pertain to Dr. Stiroh's 11 opinions and work in developing her 12 opinions and the report, and therefore, 13 it's been redacted. And -- it --

Q. Let me ask a different question.

15 Doctor -- Dr. Stiroh, are you able, you yourself, able to go through all of these invoices and project diaries and, on your own, separate out what was supporting, allegedly, your report in this case that you proffered to this point, and other work? Can you discern the difference?

A. I could potentially do that, yes.

23 Q. What -- what criteria would you use to ²⁴ distinguish work done in support of this report,

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¹ dated January 12 of this year, and any other ² assignments that you may have received?

A. Work that I asked to be done for ⁴ purposes -- from -- to my staff for reviewing

⁵ information or data, or doing data analyses

⁶ related to my report, would be things that I ⁷ would consider in support of my work.

If there are tasks that counsel asked ⁹ of any of my team that was not coming at my

¹⁰ direction and not for purposes of my report, 11 that would be -- not be something I would

consider to be work for my report.

13 Q. Are you -- are you preparing another 14 report in this case?

15 A. I am not preparing another report in ¹⁶ this case.

17 Q. Have you, nonetheless, been asked to undertake a different assignment in this case as it relates to VCDs in this MDL?

20 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form. To 21 the extent that there's information or 22 services that Dr. Stiroh is providing that 23 are not pertaining to her opinions as a 24 testifying expert, that information is off

I've given you the explanation for why the information has been redacted. And that's because it doesn't pertain to the services Dr. Stiroh is providing for us in the capacity as a testifying expert.

I will instruct the witness not to answer --

MR. HONIK: She just testified --MR. GOLDBERG: -- because you're just going to -- you're just going to create a record that is confused and misleading.

MR. HONIK: She's just testified under oath that she's had no other assignment.

MR. GOLDBERG: Then that's -- that's my point. That's my point.

MR. HONIK: That she's had a single assignment.

MR. GOLDBERG: That's my point. So you could move on, because I've instructed her not to answer.

MR. HONIK: I -- I take that.

Q. Doctor, you apparently, some years ago, were involved in a case called LaPoint ²⁴ versus AmerisourceBergen Corp.

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Page 213 Do you remember that case?

A. I do.

Q. And apparently in that case you were

⁴ hired by the plaintiff. The legal dispute

⁵ concerned a would-be merger between

⁶ two companies, plaintiff having a product called

⁷ a bedside point-of-care, a bar code product of

some sort, that was supposed to have been merged

or acquired by AmerisourceBergen.

Did I get that about right?

A. I don't remember those details. I

remember that there was a point-of-care bar code

product that was involved. I don't recall

the -- the aspects of the merger.

Q. That's right. And your -- your job as an economist was to determine and -- and provide economic support for the contention that but for the merger, that -- that the company who made this product, which was called Bridge, was destined to remain a dominant force in that

²¹ particular market, and you were going to do some

²² economic calculations based on that premise.

²³ Correct?

A. I -- I can't agree with you, just

limits.

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MR. HONIK: It's just a yes or no.

I'm not going to ask her what it is.

MR. GOLDBERG: And that's the answer.

I just gave you answer, which is the

question is not a proper question.

MR. HONIK: You don't get to decide what's a proper question or not.

I'd like Jeff to read it -- excuse me, I'd like Jeff to read it back, please.

(The record was read back.)

MR. HONIK: It's MDL.

MR. GOLDBERG: Same.

14 Q. Without revealing what the nature or name of that assignment is, are you able to answer the question simply yes or no?

17 A. I have not been given an additional assignment in this case.

¹⁹ DIR Q. Is that true from the beginning of your engagement to the present?

21 MR. GOLDBERG: I'm -- I'm going to 22 instruct the witness not to answer, because 23 you're taking her down a road that is 24

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misleading.

¹ the -- with respect to I don't have the memory

- ² of that. It -- every word you're saying brings
- ³ back more memories of it, but I don't -- it's a
- ⁴ while ago and I don't remember the specifics of
- ⁵ the case.
- Q. Uh-huh. Why don't we -- have you seen ⁷ the -- the decision by the Court of Chancery of
- ⁸ Delaware in this case?
- Ever?
- 10 A. I have. Some time ago. But I have.
 - Q. Right. And do you remember what
- ¹² happened to your testimony and your work in that
- ¹³ case? Your report?
- 14 A. I do.
- 15 Q. Can you tell me what you remember ¹⁶ happening to it?
- A. Yes. I had written a report. I can't 17
- 18 recall if it -- I think it might have had
- ¹⁹ damages in it. But it had an economic analysis,
- ²⁰ in which I relied on the report of another
- ²¹ expert to supply certain inputs from my report,
- particularly market share.
- In discussions with the other expert,
- ²⁴ I had -- was given an understanding of the

Page 215

- ¹ methodologies that he used to assess market
- ² shares.
- On the eve of trial, it became
- ⁴ apparent that what I had been given to
- ⁵ understand about his methodologies was not, in
- ⁶ fact, true, and his report was withdrawn.
- Because his report was withdrawn and I
- ⁸ did not have confidence in the method by which
- ⁹ the data were collected, I did not feel I could
- 10 testify to the numbers in my report, and
- ¹¹ together with counsel, we withdrew my report
- 12 from the case.
- Q. So according to you, there was some ¹⁴ unreliable data that was used in your report,
- ¹⁵ and you -- you were pulled as an expert; is that
- ¹⁶ what you're saying? 17 MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 18 Mischaracterizes the testimony.
- 19 A. That's not what I'm saying. The -- in
- ²⁰ the course of vetting the data that I used in my ²¹ report, I was given to understand a set of
- ²² circumstances that I later understood to be
- ²³ incorrect.
 - I, with -- together with the counsel

¹ that I was working with, decided not to put my

- ² report into evidence, and I did not testify to ³ it.
- Q. But was it clearly known that this ⁵ reliance upon data was not data collected or ⁶ compiled by you but, in fact, by some other
- expert? Was that well known and clear? A. I don't know what you mean by "well ⁹ known." But certainly in my report, it was referenced to the other expert, and the other ¹¹ expert, I think, also had a report or opinion or materials that were not included --
 - O. And --

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- A. -- in the court materials.
- 15 Q. -- did you say that that other expert's report was likewise pulled?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection to form.
- 18 Mischaracterizes the testimony.
- 19 A. I don't recall what happened with the
- other expert and his report. To the best of my
- recollection, the information and circumstances
- ²² became apparent during his deposition, which
- ²³ suggests that maybe he did have a report, but I
- ²⁴ don't recall with certainty.

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- Q. Well, I thought you had testified a
 - ² moment ago under oath that his report was pulled
 - ³ just like yours. Is that incorrect
 - understanding?
 - MR. GOLDBERG: Objection.
 - Mischaracterizes the testimony.
 - A. That is an incorrect understanding.
 - ⁸ What I have indicated to you with respect to
 - ⁹ this case, it was some time ago and my memory
 - isn't perfect.
 - My recollection is that for my report,
 - ¹² I, in consultation with the counsel that I was
 - ¹³ working with, elected not to testify to it,

 - ¹⁴ because I did not have faith in the numbers that
 - ¹⁵ were drawn from a different expert's report.
 - 16 I'm not telling you for a point of ¹⁷ fact what happened to that other expert's
 - 18 report.

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- 19 Q. I see. Well, why don't you actually
- pull the -- the decision of the court out of the
- ²¹ pile of records there. It's Tab 11. And the
- ²² name of the case, again, is LaPoint versus
- ²³ AmerisourceBergen.
 - And we'll get go ahead and mark that

Page 218 ¹ as Exhibit 7. ¹ page 1 and so I can refresh my recollection of the summary of details of the case perhaps. Do you now have the exhibit, ³ Dr. Stiroh? Q. We can do that if you'd like. 4 A. Not just yet. (Witness reviewing document.) 5 5 MR. GOLDBERG: You want to scroll down MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, it looks like 6 6 a little bit, to the -- the -- that you did not provide that document to us. 7 7 MR. HONIK: Okay. Then why don't we paragraph under Statement of Facts? 8 8 go ahead and screen share it. MR. HONIK: Well, respectfully, this 9 9 isn't your deposition. If --Dave, do you have it? 10 10 MR. GOLDBERG: Yeah, but as counsel, MR. STANOCH: Stand by. 11 11 MR. HONIK: Thank you. I'm allowed to -- as counsel, I'm allowed 12 12 Okay. Here's the opinion. We'll to review the documents that you're going 13 13 separately send it to -- to Jeff, and he'll to ask questions about. And since you 14 14 mark it as Exhibit 7. This is next in didn't provide the document, I also need to 15 15 see it. order. 16 16 As I mentioned earlier, it's from the MR. HONIK: Okay. Well, we can email 17 17 Court of Chancery of Delaware. It's called it to you right now. I mean, it's only 18 18 LaPoint versus AmerisourceBergen Corp. about six or seven pages, and, Seth, you 19 19 Q. Do you see that, Dr. Stiroh? can take as much time as you'd like to 20 20 review it. Is that what you want? (Opinion in LaPoint v. 21 21 AmerisourceBergen Corp. was marked Stiroh MR. GOLDBERG: You can do that. I 22 22 Exhibit 7 for identification, as of this don't want you to ask questions until I've 23 23 been able to review it. date.) 24 24 A. Yes, I do. MR. HONIK: I think it's a colossal Page 219 Page 221 Q. And you see the opinions authored by waste of time and a stalling tactic, but if 2 ² Judge Chandler? Do you remember Judge Chandler you want to read it, I really don't care 3 3 in the case? very much. I'm trying to wrap up 4 A. I don't think I had occasion to meet Dr. Stiroh's deposition and get her out of 5 ⁵ him. there. We're nearly done. 6 Q. That's right. That makes sense. 6 MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, all we're --7 7 MR. HONIK: Turn to page 5, please, MR. HONIK: She's demonstrated to 8 8 me --9 MR. GOLDBERG: You going to let the 9 MR. GOLDBERG: Ruben, all we're doing 10 10 witness review the document? is --11 11 MR. HONIK: If she would like, sure. MR. HONIK: Excuse me. She's --12 12 MR. GOLDBERG: Why don't you give her excuse me. She's demonstrated to me a 13 13 a second and let her take a look at page 1 rather keen recollection of this case. I'm 14 14 and page 2 so that she has a chance to look not going to quiz her on the case. I'm 15 15 at it. going to focus on what she did and what 16 16 Q. Is that what you'd like to do, she's already told us happened, which is 17 ¹⁷ Dr. Stiroh? Do you want to review this opinion? that there was some data problem and she ¹⁸ Or it sounds like you may have remembered it 18 got pulled. 19 ¹⁹ fairly well, based on what you told me thus far. And all I'm going to do is direct her A. I don't remember the details of the 20 to that part of the opinion that addresses 21 ²¹ case very well. I'll have to say I do remember, it. It's a very narrow section. ²² obviously, the circumstances, because it was 22 But if you want to read the entire 23 unique in my history. report -- or, excuse me, opinion, we'll

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send it to you.

If -- if you could just go back to

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MR. GOLDBERG: Yeah, I -- I --

MR. HONIK: You can take as much time as you like.

MR. GOLDBERG: I think all we wanted to do is just take a quick scan of the first page to get familiar with what the case is.

And Mr. Stanoch had not shown us that first paragraph.

MR. HONIK: There's no "we"; she remembers it, you don't. If you want to read it, read it.

MR. GOLDBERG: Like I said, I just wanted to get familiar with the first page here. I wanted Dr. Stiroh to familiarize herself with it.

17 A. I have looked at the paragraphs that are before me on this screen. Until looking at this, I had not actually recalled that the entire dispute came from a -- an acquisition.

21 I remembered the details about my ²² report and decision not to testify. And if you ²³ ask me the question related to what is in this ²⁴ decision, I can see if it -- I feel like I need

¹ you see it's highlighted, it says, Plaintiff's

- ² causation arguments are not helped by the
- ³ withdrawal of their key expert witness,
- ⁴ Dr. Lauren J. Stiroh, whose report was meant to
- ⁵ provide support for the contention that but for
- ⁶ a merger with ABC, Bridge was destined to remain
- ⁷ the dominant force in the BPOC market.
 - Do you see that?
 - A. I see where you are reading.
- 10 Q. Does that refresh your recollection
- about what you were doing in the case?
- A. It doesn't. I don't -- I don't have ¹³ any reason to disagree with what's written
- 14 there, but I don't have a recollection of the
- ¹⁵ work that I did, other than the ultimate ¹⁶ outcome.
- 17 Q. Yeah. So, the ultimate outcome is
- ¹⁸ that, as the judge wrote, virtually on the eve
- 19 of trial and after this motion had -- had been
- ²⁰ filed, had been fully briefed, Plaintiffs
- ²¹ discovered that the data on which Dr. Stiroh
- ²² relied may not have been credibly gathered.
- ²³ Plaintiffs no longer rely upon the conclusions
- ²⁴ in this report.

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Did I read that correctly?

- A. You did.
- Q. Is there any mention about your
- ⁴ reliance upon data or conclusions or anything

Page 225

- from another expert in that paragraph?
 - A. In that paragraph, it mentions the
- ⁷ data on which I had relied. The data on which I
- relied came from another expert.
- Q. Okay. But you agree that the court
- 10 doesn't note that it came from another expert.
- ¹¹ It only notes that it came from your report.
- 12 Right?
- 13 A. I don't think it does note that it
- ¹⁴ came from my report. It notes the data on which
- ¹⁵ I relied, and I am telling you, and I believe
- ¹⁶ the court knew, that it came from another expert
- who might be referenced somewhere else in this
- document. I don't know that as I sit here. But
- ¹⁹ the data on which I relied came from another expert.
 - Q. Okay. You see where it says,
- ²² Plaintiffs no longer rely upon the conclusions
- ²³ in this report?
 - That refers to your report, right?

¹ to have more information about the background of

² the case itself.

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Q. Let's go to page 5, and we'll see if ⁴ you need more review.

- And if you do, you'll tell me.
- 6 All right.
- So -- hold on.
- 8 Yeah, go up a little bit. Sorry.
- 9 See where it says, B, Questions of
- 10 material fact relating to causation and damages?
- 11 A. I do.
- 12 Q. That's yes?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. So you were -- you were a damage
- ¹⁵ expert on -- as to causation; do you remember 16 that?
- 17 A. I don't have an independent memory of
- ¹⁸ it. I'll have to say I -- I -- if you ask the
- 19 next question or see if there's something -- I
- ²⁰ don't actually remember my specific assignment
- ²¹ without looking back at what the assignment was ²² that I had been given.
- Q. Yeah. So, it says in the -- in the
- ²⁴ second full paragraph, in the right-hand column,

A. It does.

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² Q. So the data that the judge is writing ³ about that -- that was not credibly gathered was ⁴ in your report. Correct?

A. I can tell you that the data upon
 which I relied was gathered by another expert.
 It was the method by -- by which he had gathered
 data that I found to be unreliable, and so I did
 not testify to my report.
 O. Well, I'm now confused. Was the

Q. Well, I'm now confused. Was the
 method for gathering it unreliable, or was the
 data itself unreliable, or both?

A. To the best of my recollection, the method for gathering it was unreliable, and that led me to conclude that the data itself would not be a reliable input into a damages estimate.

Q. And you only discovered that after you
 employed the data using the methodology which
 you knew to be unreliable. Right?

²⁰ A. No.

I did not -- when I used the data, I did not know them to be unreliable. I was -- I had vetted the data and the process.

What I was told about the process of

rage 220

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Time right now is

4:31 p.m. We are back on the record.

B EXAMINATION BY MS. KAPKE:

Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Stiroh. My name's
Kara Kapke. I'm counsel for CVS and Rite Aid,
and I have a few questions for you about your
opinions regarding Dr. Conti's unjust enrichment
opinions with respect to retail pharmacies and
wholesalers.

Where does therapeutic value fit into the unjust enrichment analysis?

A. My understanding of unjust enrichment damages, as described in my report, are the portion of a benefit conferred by a plaintiff on a defendant which would be unjust for the defendant to maintain.

The portion, then, that would be -- my understanding of just for the plaintiff -- for the defendant to retain would be the benefit that the plaintiffs received from the therapeutic benefits of the drugs.

Q. I want to ask you specifically now about Dr. Conti's unjust enrichment calculations with respect just to pharmacies.

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 $^{\scriptsize 1}$ data gathering turned out not to be the process

² that had been employed. When I learned that a

³ different process that I felt was unreliable had

⁴ been employed, it was my opinion that the --

⁵ because the data gathering process was not

⁶ reliable, I could not rely upon the data and was

MR. HONIK: Those are all the

⁷ not willing to testify as to the damages that

8 used those data as an input.

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questions I have of this witness. We're going to keep the deposition open, hope never have -- to have to revisit it, but inasmuch as you withheld invoicing information which needs to be supplemented, we'll keep the record open.

You want to take a break and determine if you have any questions?

MR. GOLDBERG: Yeah. Why don't we do that. Why don't we come back in ten minutes.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Time right now is 4:16 p.m. We are off the record.

(A recess was taken from 4:16 to
 4:31.)

Do you recall having opinions about those calculations?

A. I do.

Q. And after you wrote those opinions,
 did you have a chance to read Dr. Conti's
 deposition transcript where she was asked

⁷ questions about her unjust enrichment opinions

⁸ with respect to pharmacies?

A. I did.

Q. After reading her report and deposition transcript, what's your understanding of how Dr. Conti calculated unjust enrichment damages with respect to pharmacies from a mechanical perspective?

A. I understand that she summed up
 certain revenues received by pharmacies, from
 her report, which reads as if she had intended
 then to subtract relevant costs.

From her deposition, it seems to me
from reading that she does not think there are
relevant costs, and so she -- my understanding
of her opinion is that it is simply revenues
received without subtracting costs and without
any apportionment with respect to what part

¹ might be just or any consideration of a ² therapeutic benefit that patients received.

- Q. From -- after reading her report and ⁴ deposition transcript, what's your primary ⁵ criticism for how Dr. Conti describes her ⁶ methodology for calculating profits for the ⁷ pharmacies?
- A. I would say it is too simplistic and ⁹ incomplete. It was not apparent, from reading ¹⁰ her report, that her opinion was that it was ¹¹ essentially revenues that she thought were ¹² unjust enrichment.

From reading her deposition, it is ¹⁴ apparent that she thinks that there are certain ¹⁵ costs that she thinks are not relevant, that I ¹⁶ think would be relevant for calculating profits ¹⁷ even before any apportionment.

- Q. Not asking you to give an exhaustive 19 list, but what are some of those costs that you, ²⁰ as an economist, would consider in a profits ²¹ calculation?
- A. I think often and first and foremost 23 it would be the cost of goods sold, is quite ²⁴ often the biggest component of costs.

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There are typically other types of ² costs that are associated with delivering a ³ product to consumers. They could be cost of ⁴ storing the product, delivering the product, ⁵ operating the facility, but I think there are a ⁶ wide variety of categories. None of the ⁷ categories are included in Dr. Conti's ⁸ calculation.

- Q. For purposes about thinking about the 10 cost of goods sold, does it matter if a pharmacy ¹¹ acquired and paid for the product the day it ¹² sold it to the customer, a month before, or a year before?
- 14 A. Not from a standpoint of economics, ¹⁵ no.
 - Q. Why not?
- 16 17 A. The profits that are received are the ¹⁸ part of the revenue that the retailer gets to 19 hold on to, putting aside the question of ²⁰ apportionment. The retailer does not benefit ²¹ from the entirety of revenue. They have to then ²² use that revenue to pay out their costs, and ²³ there would not be the entirety of revenue as a ²⁴ profit calculation.

Q. As an economist, have you ever seen

² profits calculated without including the cost of ³ ingredients?

- A. Not profits for a pharmaceutical product, no.
- Q. Have you ever seen an economics ⁷ textbook or scholarly piece of literature, or ⁸ anything like that, where someone measures profits from an economics perspective without considering the cost of ingredients?
- A. No. For the highest level with no ¹² detail, to say that profits are revenue minus ¹³ cost, it still has cost.

14 As part of that definition, from an ¹⁵ accounting point of view, which when we are then ¹⁶ applying economic theory to an actual case, we ¹⁷ typically would look at accounting data, and ¹⁸ that would start with a cost of goods sold and other costs of delivering the product to consumers.

21 MS. KAPKE: Thank you so much, 22 Dr. Stiroh. I don't have any further 23 questions.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

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MR. HONIK: Any questions from anyone else?

MR. GOLDBERG: I may have a question or two, but I do need to take just a two-minute break. Sorry. If we can go off the record for two minutes.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time right now is 4:35 p.m. We are off the record.

(A recess was taken from 4:35 to 4:39.)

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Time right now is 4:39 p.m. We are back on the record.

MR. HONIK: So Ms. Kapke is done questioning. Are there any other questions from defense counsel?

Seth?

MR. GOLDBERG: No. There are no other questions from defense counsel.

MR. HONIK: Was that Leslie in the room?

MR. GOLDBERG: No one else is in the room at this time. Just myself, Kara --

MR. HONIK: When we were off the record, was there someone else in the room?

MR. GOLDBERG: Leslie was in the room.

2 MS. KAPKE: She came in to talk to me.

3 MR. HONIK: Oh.

4 Okay.

⁵ EXAMINATION BY MR. HONIK:

Q. Dr. Stiroh, you were asked some ⁷ questions by Ms. Kapke, who represents CVS, ⁸ about the way in which profits were calculated in an unjust enrichment model.

10 Are you aware that plaintiff sought ¹¹ from the retailers the very costs that you referred to, cost of goods, delivery cost, ¹³ storage, all the other items that you believe ¹⁴ might be incorporated in such a model, and -and we were not provided that? 16 In fact, the court, to this point in

the litigation, has not directed the retailers to provide that. Were you aware of that? 19

MS. KAPKE: Object to form. I think 20 that misstates the record.

21 But go ahead and answer.

22 A. I'm not aware of what costs were ²³ requested. I have considered what Dr. Conti

²⁴ said, and it was my understanding from reading

Page 235

¹ her deposition that she had opined that

² additional costs would not be relevant to the

³ calculation, and in my opinion, additional costs

⁴ would be relevant to the calculation.

O. And if -- if those costs were

⁶ identified and produced in -- in the model that

⁷ you're talking about, you could subtract those

⁸ and arrive at your own calculation for profits.

⁹ Couldn't you?

A. Not for the purposes of assessing damages that accrue from individual plaintiffs ¹² and any benefit that they im- -- brought to an ¹³ individual defendant, the portion of which would ¹⁴ be unjust for that defendant to keep.

15 I think tracing the costs through the ¹⁶ complex supply chain would be something that ¹⁷ could not be done with broad accounting level

18 data.

19 I have not seen what model Dr. Conti ²⁰ purports to put forward to assess profits and

21 how to trace payments through from the --

²² through the entire chain to assess what the ²³ unjust portion of profits are for any part of

²⁴ the chain or how they relate to specific

¹ benefits that come from specific plaintiffs.

But at a minimum, my understanding of

³ what she had set forward, the simplistic thing

⁴ that she put in her report, is not even what I

⁵ think she said in her deposition from what she ⁶ intended to do.

Q. Have you done an unjust enrichment calculation for retailers?

A. I have not.

10 Q. So, you've done little more than criticize what Dr. Conti did, but you've not offered any other opinion about how to go about it the right way, have you?

MS. KAPKE: Object to form.

15 Argumentative.

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A. I have the critique in my report that is summarized under Roman IX, and a section that expands on that. I have not done a

quantification of unjust enrichment.

I have explained where I think there ²¹ are flaws in the overarching premise that ²² Dr. Conti puts forward, and the part that is

²³ missing in my report is what she had said in her

²⁴ deposition, where it seems that she thinks that

Page 237

¹ there are not relevant costs that would need to ² be considered.

I think there are relevant costs that ⁴ would need to be considered, and it would be ⁵ very complex to be able to take them into account appropriately to assess unjust ⁷ enrichment in the manner in which I understand unjust enrichment damages need to be assessed.

Q. So you've assessed unjust enrichment damages in the past. Have you not?

MS. KAPKE: Object to form. Vague. Ambiguous.

13 A. I have worked on matters involving unjust enrichment damages. I don't recall in a class action setting having done so.

16 Q. Such models exist, don't they, in the 17 economic world?

18 A. Unjust enrichment damages models exist 19 in the economic world, yes. 20

MR. HONIK: Thank you. Those are all the questions I have.

22 MS. KAPKE: I don't have redirect.

23 MR. HONIK: All right. That concludes 24 the deposition. Thank you, Dr. Stiroh.

Case 1:19nmd-02875; RMB 1944 or massy unspit 2049 B je Filed 95/03/23 t e Fage to 8826

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          THE WITNESS: Thank you.
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                                                                            CERTIFICATE
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          THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time right now
                                                                <sup>3</sup> STATE OF NEW YORK )
 3
       is 4:44 p.m. We are off the record.
                                                                               ) Ss.:
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          (Time noted: 4:44 p.m.)
                                                                <sup>4</sup> COUNTY OF NEW YORK )
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                                                                6
                                                                     I JEFFREY BENZ, a Certified Realtime
 7
                                                                <sup>7</sup> Reporter, Registered Merit Reporter and Notary
 8
                                                                <sup>8</sup> Public within and for the State of New York, do
 9
                                                                <sup>9</sup> hereby certify:
10
                                                                     That the witness whose examination is
11
                                                               11 hereinbefore set forth was duly sworn by me and
12
                                                               12 that this transcript of such examination is a true
13
                                                                  record of the testimony given by such witness.
14
                                                                     I further certify that I am not related to
15
                                                               <sup>15</sup> any of the parties to this action by blood or
16
                                                               <sup>16</sup> marriage and that I am in no way interested in the
17
                                                               <sup>17</sup> outcome of this matter.
18
                                                                     IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my
19
                                                                  hand this _____ of _____, 2022.
20
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22
                                                               <sup>22</sup> JEFFREY BENZ, CRR, RMR
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                                                               24
                                                    Page 239
 1
           ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
 <sup>3</sup> STATE OF NEW YORK )
                 ) ss.:
 <sup>4</sup> COUNTY OF NEW YORK )
 6
       I, LAUREN J. STIROH, Ph.D., hereby certify, I
 <sup>7</sup> have read the transcript of my testimony taken
 <sup>8</sup> under oath in my deposition of March 25, 2022;
 <sup>9</sup> that the transcript is a true, complete and
10 correct record of what was asked, answered and
<sup>11</sup> said during this deposition, and that the answers
<sup>12</sup> on the record as given by me are true and correct.
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14
<sup>15</sup> LAUREN J. STIROH, Ph.D.
<sup>16</sup> Subscribed and sworn to
<sup>17</sup> before me on this _____ day
<sup>18</sup> of __
19
20
21
           NOTARY PUBLIC
2.2
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